

# Outdoor LoRaWAN® Gateway UG67

User Guide





# **Preface**

Thanks for choosing Milesight UG67 LoRaWAN® gateway. UG67 delivers tenacious connection over network with full-featured design such as automated failover/failback, extended operating temperature, hardware watchdog, VPN, Gigabit Ethernet and beyond.

This guide shows you how to configure and operate the UG67 LoRaWAN® gateway. You can refer to it for detailed functionality and gateway configuration.

#### Readers

This guide is mainly intended for the following users:

- Network Planners
- On-site technical support and maintenance personnel
- Network administrators responsible for network configuration and maintenance

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#### **Related Documents**

Document	Description
UG67 Datasheet	Datasheet for UG67 LoRaWAN® gateway.
UG67 Quick Start Guide	Quick Installation Guide for UG67 LoRaWAN® gateway.

# **Declaration of Conformity**

UG67 is in conformity with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of the CE, FCC, and RoHS.













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# **Revision History**

Date	Doc Version	Description
Dec. 31, 2020	V1.0	Initial version
		1. Support LoRaWAN® Class B
		2. Add Node-RED feature
Apr. 30, 2021	V1.1	3. Add Noise-Analyzer feature
		4. Add Multicast Groups feature
		5. Add application examples
		1. Support Yeastar Workplace platform integration
Aug. 24, 2021	V1.2	2. Delete Package Forward status page
		3. Phone & Email webpage update
		1. Add AS923-3&AS923-4
Dec. 15, 2021	V1.3	2. Change network server channel mask box to channel
		3. Add device channel setting in profile
		Add batch backup
Feb. 23, 2022	V1.4	2. Login webpage update
1 CD. 20, 2022	V 1T	3. Change default antenna type to external antenna
		4. Adjust time of Class C ACK timeout
		Support VLAN Trunk client
Jun. 1, 2022	V1.5	2. Add System Name in SNMP
		3. Add Use L2TP Peer DNS option
		Add BACnet Server feature
Dec.26, 2022	V1.6	2. Add Payload Codec feature
		3. Add Reset and all flows export feature on Node-RED
		4. Add data retransmission feature on Packet Forward
March 6, 2023	V1.7	Delete embedded antenna mode
		2. Add LBT feature
		Compatible with Milesight Development Platform
		2. Update default secondary ICMP and DNS server
Feb. 21, 2024	V1.8	address
		3. Add cellular IMS and custom MTU feature
		4. Add 8 pre-set device profiles
June 7, 2024	V1.9	Support to import ovpn file for OpenVPN connection



		<ol> <li>Support packet filter feature</li> <li>Add default WLAN connection password</li> <li>Add username on SMTP client setting</li> </ol>
		<ol><li>Add BACnet object types, support object instance customization</li></ol>
Oct. 31, 2024	V 1.10	<ol> <li>Add WireGuard feature;</li> <li>Add MQTT data re-transmission and retain option;</li> <li>Add metadata option under Application page;</li> <li>Add Node-RED SSL access option;</li> <li>Add BACnet object event detection feature;</li> <li>Add network packet analyzer feature;</li> <li>Compatible with DeviceHub 2.0;</li> <li>Add cellular subnet mask and DNS server customization.</li> </ol>
Jan. 8, 2025	V 1.11	<ol> <li>Add object mapping function on Payload Codec page;</li> <li>Remove BACnet/IP option under Application page;</li> <li>Update BACnet object web GUI;</li> <li>Add Modbus server feature.</li> </ol>
April 3, 2025	V 1.12	<ol> <li>Add FUOTA feature;</li> <li>Add MQTT Last Will Message feature;</li> <li>Update application key options when adding a device;</li> <li>Update metadata option;</li> <li>Update WAN default connection type as DHCP;</li> <li>Update web GUI access steps.</li> </ol>



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## **Chapter 1 Product Introduction**

#### 1.1 Overview

UG67 is a robust 8-channel outdoor LoRaWAN® gateway. Adopting SX1302 LoRa chip and high-performance quad-core CPU, UG67 supports connection with more than 2000 nodes. UG67 has line of sight up to 15 km and can cover about 2km in urbanized environment, which is ideally suited to smart office, smart building and many other outdoor applications.

UG67 supports not only multiple back-haul backups with Ethernet, Wi-Fi and cellular, but also has integrated mainstream network servers (such as The Things Industries, ChirpStack, etc.) and built-in network server and Milesight IoT Cloud for easy deployment.

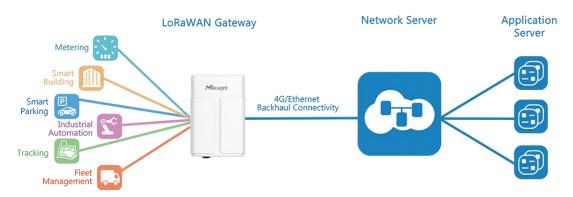


Figure 1-1

#### 1.2 Advantages

#### **Benefits**

- Built-in industrial CPU and big memory
- Ethernet, 2.4GHz Wi-Fi and global 2G/3G/LTE options make it easy to get connected
- Embedded network server and compliant with several third party network servers
- MQTT(s) or HTTP(s) protocol for data transmission to application server
- Rugged enclosure, optimized for wall or pole mounting
- 3-year warranty included

#### **Security & Reliability**

- Automated failover/failback between Ethernet and Cellular
- Enable unit with security frameworks like IPsec/OpenVPN/GRE/L2TP/PPTP/
   DMVPN/WireGuard
- Embedded hardware watchdog to automatically recover from various failures and ensure highest level of availability



#### **Easy Maintenance**

- Milesight DeviceHub and Milesight Development Platform provide easy setup, mass configuration, and centralized management of remote devices
- The user-friendly web interface design and various upgrading options help administrator to manage the device as easy as pie
- WEB GUI and CLI enable the admin to achieve quick configuration and simple management among a large quantity of devices
- Users can efficiently manage the remote devices on the existing platform through the industrial standard SNMP

#### **Capabilities**

- Link remote devices in an environment where communication technologies are constantly changing
- Industrial quad core 64-bit ARM Cortex-A53 processor, high-performance operating up to 1.5GHz with low power consumption, and 8GB eMMC available to support more applications
- Support wide operating temperature ranging from -40°C to 70°C/-40°F to 158°F

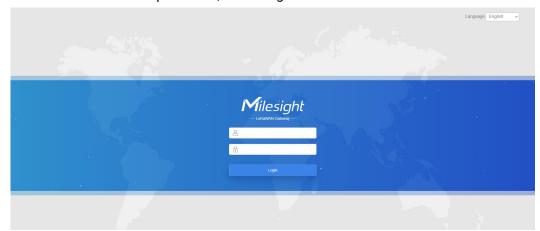


## **Chapter 2 Access to Web GUI**

This chapter explains how to access to Web GUI of the UG67.

Username: admin
Password: password
Configuration Steps:

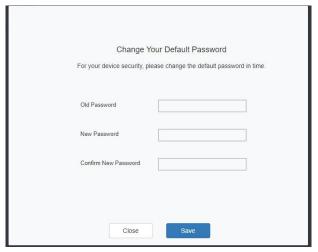
- 1. Enable Wireless Network Connection on your computer and search for access point **Gateway\_\*\*\*\*\*\*** to connect it, the default Wi-Fi password is **iotpassword**.
- 2. Open a Web browser on your PC (Chrome is recommended) and type in the IP address 192.168.1.1 to access the web GUI.
- 3. Enter the username and password, click "Login".



A

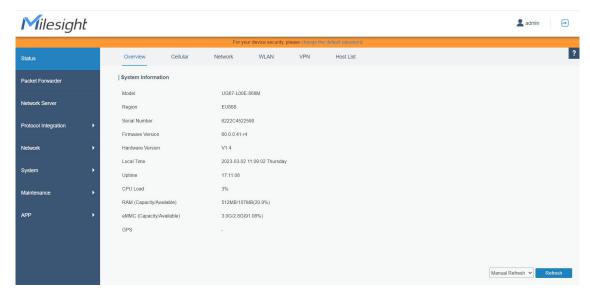
If you enter the username or password incorrectly more than 5 times, the login page will be locked for 10 minutes.

4. After logging the web GUI, follow the guide to complete the basic configurations. It's suggested that you change the password for the sake of security.



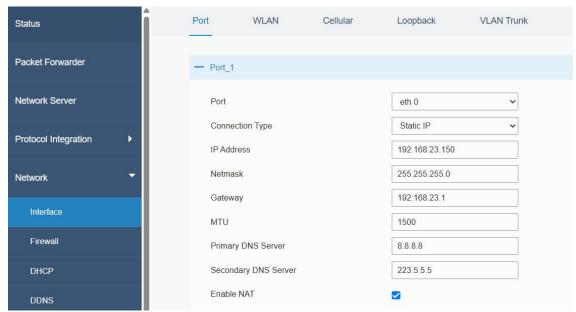
5. After logging the web GUI, you can view system information and perform configuration of the gateway. It's suggested that you change the password for the sake of security.





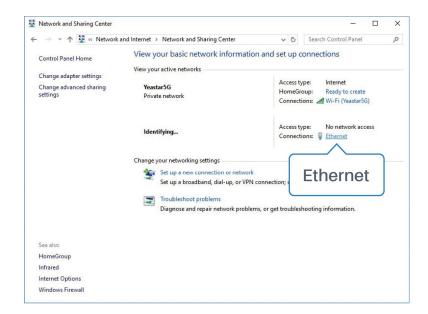
**Note:** The connection type of Ethernet port is DHCP by default. The gateway also supports wired access if you select the connection type of Ethernet port as static IP and assign an IP address to Ethernet port.

1. Go to **Network > Interface > Port** page to select connection type as **Static IP** and configure an IP address for the Ethernet WAN port.

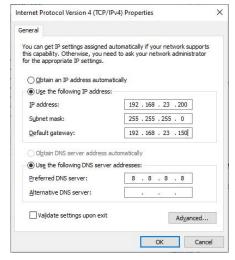


- 2. Connect PC to UG67 ETH port directly or through PoE injector.
- 3. Assign the IP address to computer manually. Take Windows 10 system as an example,
- A. Go to "Control Panel" → "Network and Internet" → "Network and Sharing Center", then click "Ethernet" (May have different names).





B. Go to "Properties"  $\rightarrow$  "Internet Protocol Version 4(TCP/IPv4) "and select "Use the following IP address", then assign a static IP manually within the same subnet of the gateway.



C. Open a Web browser on your PC (Chrome is recommended) and type in the IP address of the Ethernet port to access the web GUI.



# **Chapter 3 Web Configuration**

#### 3.1 Status

#### 3.1.1 Overview

You can view the system information of the gateway on this page.

System Information			
UG67-915M			
AU915			
6222D3914187			
60.0.0.42-r5			
V1.4			
2024-02-21 20:25:25 Wednesday			
1days,05:53:13			
3%			
512MB/109MB (21.29%)			
8.0GB/6.5GB (81.86%)			
<b>-</b> 9			

Figure 3-1-1-1

System Information		
Item	Description	
Model	Show the model name of gateway.	
Region	Show the LoRaWAN® used frequency of gateway.	
Serial Number	Show the serial number of gateway.	
Firmware Version	Show the currently firmware version of gateway.	
Hardware Version	Show the currently hardware version of gateway.	
Local Time	Show the currently local time of system.	
Uptime	Show the information on how long the gateway has been running.	
CPU Load	Show the current CPU utilization of the gateway.	
RAM (Capacity/Available)	Show the RAM capacity and the available RAM memory.	
eMMC (Capacity/Available)	able) Show the eMMC capacity and the available eMMC memory.	
GPS	Show GPS data of the gateway.	

Table 3-1-1-1 System Information



When Milesight UPS is connected to the device, the UPS basic information will also show on the Status page. For more details please refer to *Milesight UPS User Guide*.

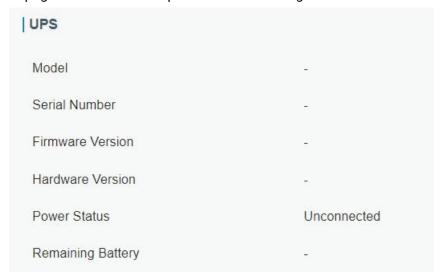


Figure 3-1-1-2

## 3.1.2 Cellular (Cellular Version Only)

You can view the cellular network status of gateway on this page.

Modem	
Status	Ready
Model	EC25
Version	EC25ECGAR06A07M1G
Signal Level	26asu (-61dBm)
Register Status	Registered (Home network)
IMEI	860425047368939
IMSI	460019425301842
ICCID	89860117838009934120
ISP	CHN-UNICOM
Network Type	LTE
PLMN ID	
LAC	5922
Cell ID	340db80

Figure 3-1-2-1

Modem Information		
Item	Description	



Status	Show corresponding detection status of module and SIM card.
Model	Show the model name of cellular module.
Version	Show the version of cellular module.
Signal Level	Show the cellular signal level.
Register Status	Show the registration status of SIM card.
IMEI	Show the IMEI of the module.
IMSI	Show IMSI of the SIM card.
ICCID	Show ICCID of the SIM card.
ISP	Show the network provider which the SIM card registers on.
Network Type	Show the connected network type, such as LTE, 3G, etc.
PLMN ID	Show the current PLMN ID, including MCC, MNC, LAC and Cell ID.
LAC	Show the location area code of the SIM card.
Cell ID	Show the Cell ID of the SIM card location.

Table 3-1-2-1 Modem Information

Network		
Status	Connected	
IP Address	10.53.241.18	
Netmask	255.255.255.252	
Gateway	10.53.241.17	
DNS	218.104.128.106	
Connection Duration	0 days, 00:04:26	

Figure 3-1-2-2

Network Status		
Item	Description	
Status	Show the connection status of cellular network.	
IP Address	Show the IP address of cellular network.	
Netmask	Show the netmask of cellular network.	
Gateway	Show the gateway of cellular network.	
DNS	Show the DNS of cellular network.	
Connection Duration	Show information on how long the cellular network has been connected.	

Table 3-1-2-2 Network Status

#### 3.1.3 Network

On this page you can check the Ethernet port status of the gateway.



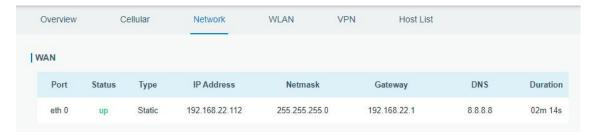


Figure 3-1-3-1

Network		
Item	Description	
Port	Show the name of the Ethernet port.	
	Show the status of the Ethernet port. "Up" refers to a status that WAN	
Status	is enabled and Ethernet cable is connected. "Down" means Ethernet	
	cable is disconnected or WAN function is disabled.	
Туре	Show the dial-up type of the Ethernet port.	
IP Address	Show the IP address of the Ethernet port.	
Netmask	Show the netmask of the Ethernet port.	
Gateway	Show the gateway of the Ethernet port.	
DNS	Show the DNS of the Ethernet port.	
	Show the information about how long the Ethernet cable has been	
Duration	connected to the Ethernet port when the port is enabled. Once the port	
	is disabled or Ethernet cable is disconnected, the duration will stop.	

Table 3-1-3-1 WAN Status

#### **3.1.4 WLAN**

You can check Wi-Fi status on this page, including the information of access point and client.

WLAN Status		
Wireless Status	Enabled	
MAC Address	24:e1:24:f0:e2:26	
Interface Type	AP	
SSID	Gateway_F0E226	
Channel	Auto	
Encryption Type	No Encryption	
Status	Up	
IP Address	192.168.1.1	
Netmask	255.255.255.0	
Connection Duration	4 days, 21:12:11	



Figure 3-1-4-1

WLAN Status		
Item	Description	
Wireless Status	Show the wireless status.	
MAC Address	Show the MAC address.	
Interface Type	Show the interface type, such as "AP" or "Client".	
SSID	Show the SSID.	
Channel	Show the wireless channel.	
Encryption Type	Show the encryption type.	
Status	Show the connection status.	
IP Address	Show the IP address of the gateway.	
Netmask	Show the wireless MAC address of the gateway.	
Gateway	Show the gateway address in wireless network.	
Connection Duration	Show information on how long the Wi-Fi network has been connected.	

Table 3-1-4-1 WLAN Status



Figure 3-1-4-2

Associated Stations		
Item	Description	
IP Address	Show the IP address of access point or client.	
MAC Address	Show the MAC address of the access point or client.	
Connection Duration	Show information on how long the Wi-Fi network has been connected.	

Table 3-1-4-2 WLAN Status

#### 3.1.5 VPN

You can check VPN status on this page, including PPTP, L2TP, IPsec, OpenVPN and DMVPN.



Overview	Cellular	Network	WLAN VPN	Host List
PPTP Tunnel				
	Name	Status	Local IP	Remote IP
	pptp_1	Disconnected		2
	pptp_2	Disconnected	2	2
	pptp_3	Disconnected	858	70
L2TP Tunnel				
	Name	Status	Local IP	Remote IP
	12tp_1	Disconnected	20	壁
	12tp_2	Disconnected	12	2
	12tp_3	Disconnected	150	R

Figure 3-1-5-1

IPsec Tunnel			
Nar	ne Status	Local IP	Remote IP
ipse	_1 Disconnected	250	8
ipse	2 Disconnected	12/	: 2
ipse	2_3 Disconnected	95 v <del>.</del> c	1.59
OpenVPN Client			
Naı	ne Status	Local IP	Remote IP
openv	pn_1 Disconnected	250	<i>3</i>
openv	pn_2 Disconnected	2	: 2
	on_3 Disconnected	S. I	

Figure 3-1-5-2

GRE Tunnel				
	Name	Status	Local IP	Remote IP
	gre_1	Disconnected	*	*
	gre_2	Disconnected	*	
	gre_3	Disconnected	22	٠
DMVPN Tunnel				
	Name	Status	Local IP	Remote IP
	dmvpn	Disconnected	*	

Figure 3-1-5-3

VPN Status	
Item	Description



Name	Show the name of the VPN tunnel.
Status	Show the status of the VPN tunnel.
Local IP	Show the local tunnel IP of VPN tunnel.
Remote IP	Show the remote tunnel IP of VPN tunnel.

Table 3-1-5-1 VPN Status

#### 3.1.6 Host List

You can view the host information on this page.

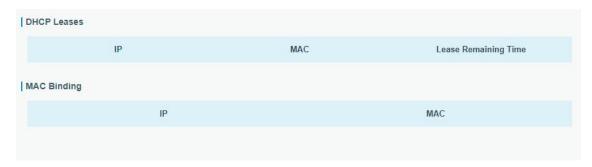


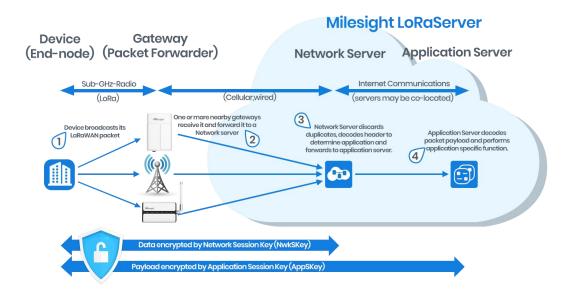
Figure 3-1-6-1

Host List		
Item Description		
DHCP Leases		
IP Address	Show IP address of DHCP client	
MAC Address	Show MAC address of DHCP client	
Lease Time Remaining	Remaining Show the remaining lease time of DHCP client.	
MAC Binding		
IP & MAC	Show the IP address and MAC address set in the Static IP list of DHCP service.	

Table 3-1-6-1 Host List Description

#### 3.2 LoRaWAN





#### 3.2.1 Packet Forwarder

#### 3.2.1.1 General

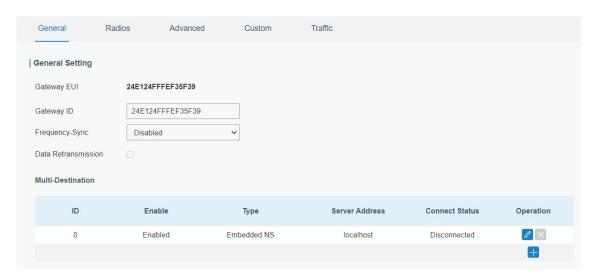


Figure 3-2-1-1

General Settings		
Item	Description	
Gateway EUI	Show the unique identifier of the gateway and it's non-editable.	
	Fill in the corresponding ID which you've used for registering the	
Gateway ID	gateway to the remote network server. It is usually the same as	
	gateway EUI and can be changed.	
Frequency-Sync	Sync frequency configurations from the network server by selecting	
r requericy-syric	the corresponding multi-destination ID.	
Data	When the gateway connects to a single	
Retransmission	Chirpstack/Semtech/Remote Embedded NS/Basic Station type	



	package forwarder, it supports data storage of up to 1 million pieces of data when the network is disconnected and re-transmits the data after network recovery.
Multi-Destination	The gateway will forward the data to the network server address that was created and enabled in the list.
Connection Status	Show the connection status of the package forwarder.

Table 3-2-1-1 General Setting Parameters

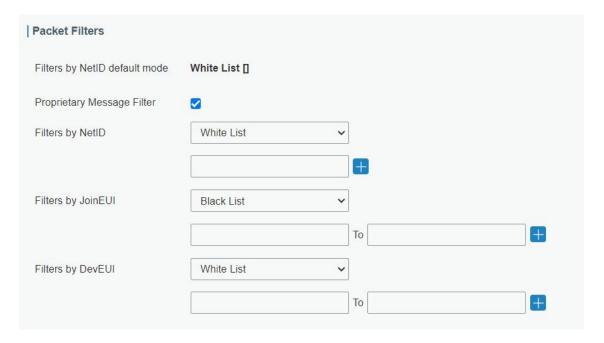


Figure 3-2-1-2

Packet Filters	
Parameters	Description
Filters by NetID Default Mode	Select the filter mode as black list or white list.  White List: Only forward the packets on this list to the network server.  Black List: Only forward the packets except this list to the network server.
Proprietary Message Filter	Enable to not forward the proprietary message packets (Mtype=111).
Filters by NetID	Forward/Not forward the uplink packets that match the NetID.
Filters by JoinEUI	Forward/Not forward the join request packets that match the JoinEUI range.
Filters by DevEUI	Forward/Not forward the join request packets that match the DevEUI range.
List	Set the specific filtering value or range list. Every condition supports to add 5 lists at most.



#### Table 3-2-1-2 Packet Filters Parameters

#### Note:

- 1. When join EUI and dev EUI are both configured, only packets that match both conditions will be forwarded.
- 2. This feature is not supported when the packet forwarder type is Loriot or Everynet.
- 3. When a third-party network server assigns filter condition to gateway, the gateway will use network server settings in priority.

#### **Related Configuration Example**

Packet fowarder configuration

#### 3.2.1.2 Radios

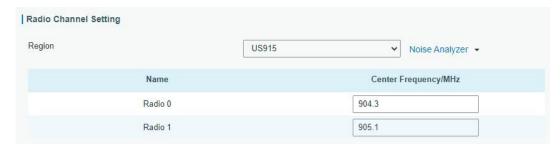


Figure 3-2-1-3

Radios-Radio Channel Setting		
Item	Description	Default
Region	Choose the LoRaWAN® frequency plan used for the upstream and downlink frequencies and datarates. Available channel plans depend on the gateway's model.	Based on the gateway's model
Center Frequency	Change the frequencies to receive packets from LoRaWAN® nodes.	Based on what is specified in the LoRaWAN® regional parameters document

Table 3-2-1-3 Radio Channels Setting Parameters



Figure 3-2-1-4



Radios-Multi Channel Setting		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click to enable this channel to transmit packets.	Enabled
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	/
Radio	Choose Radio 0 or Radio 1 as center frequency.	Radio 0
Frequency/MHz	Enter the frequency of this channel. Range: center frequency $\pm0.4625$ .	Based on the LoRaWAN® regional document

Table 3-2-1-4 Multi Channel Setting Parameters



Figure 3-2-1-5

Radios-LoRa Channel Setting		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click to enable this channel to transmit packets.	Enabled
Radio	Choose Radio 0 or Radio 1 as center frequency.	Radio 0
Frequency/MHz	Enter the frequency of this channel. Range: center frequency±0.9.	Based on the supported frequency
Bandwidth/MHz	Enter the bandwidth of this channel.	500KHz
Spread Factor	Choose the selectable spreading factor. The channel with large spreading factor corresponds to a low rate, while the small one corresponds to a high rate.	Based on what is specified in the LoRaWAN® regional parameters document

Table 3-2-1-5 LoRa Channel Setting Parameters

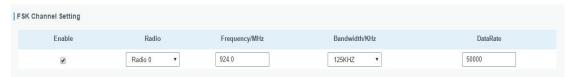


Figure 3-2-1-6

Radios-FSK Channel Setting		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click to enable this channel to transmit packets.	Disabled
Radio	Choose Radio 0 or Radio 1 as center frequency.	Radio 0
Frequency/MHz	Enter the frequency of this channel.	Based on the



	Range: center frequency±0.9.	supported frequency
Bandwidth/MHz	Enter the bandwidth of this channel. Recommended value: 125KHz, 250KHz, 500KHz	Based on the supported frequency
Data Rate	Enter the data rate. Range: 500-25000.	500

Table 3-2-1-6 FSK Channel Setting Parameters

#### 3.2.1.3 Noise Analyzer

Noise analyzer is used for scanning the noise of every frequency channel and giving a diagram for users to analyze the environment interference condition and select best deployment. RSSI indicates the sensitivity for every channel. Lower the RSSI value, better the signal. It's not suggested to enable this feature when using package forwarder since it will affect the downlink transmission.

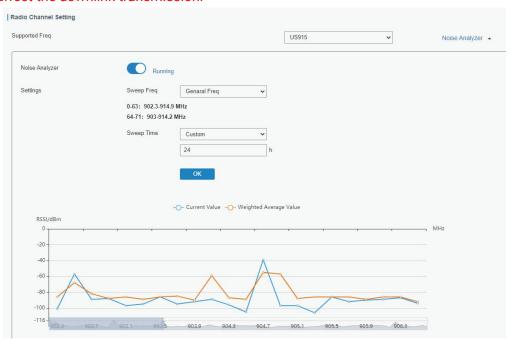


Figure 3-2-1-7

Noise Analyzer		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click to enable noise analyzer feature.	Disabled
Sweep Freq	Select the frequency sweeping range.	
	General Freq: frequencies based on the LoRaWAN®	Conoral Fog
	regional parameters document	General Feq
	Custom: custom the frequency range	
Sweep Time	Enable the noise analyzer continuously or within a	
	period of time.	
	If Custom is selected, the noise analyzer will stop	Custom/24h
	automatically after the pre-configured time.	
	Note: It's suggested to custom the time since noise	



analyzer feature will affect the normal data	
transmission.	

Table 3-2-1-7 Noise Analyzer Setting Parameters

#### 3.2.1.4 Advanced

This section is about settings in details of beacon transmitting and validating.

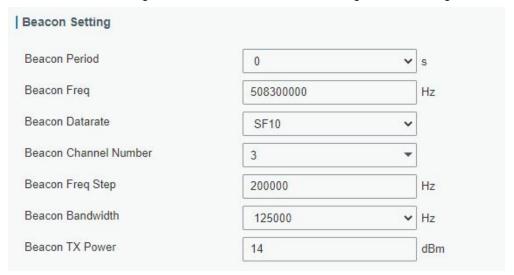


Figure 3-2-1-8

Advanced-Beacon Setting		
Item	Description	Default
Beacon Period	Interval of gateway sending beacons for Class B device time synchronization. 0 means the gateway will not send beacons.	0
Beacon Freq	The frequency of beacons.	Based on the supported frequency
Beacon Datarate	The datarate of beacons.	Based on the supported frequency
Beacon Channel Number	When selecting Custom, it allows users to custom range from 1 to 8.	1
Beacon Freq Step	Frequency interval of beacons.	200000
Beacon Bandwidth	The bandwidth of beacons. Unit: Hz	12500 Hz
Beacon TX Power	The TX power of beacons.	Based on the supported frequency



Table 3-2-1-8 Advanced-Beacon Parameters

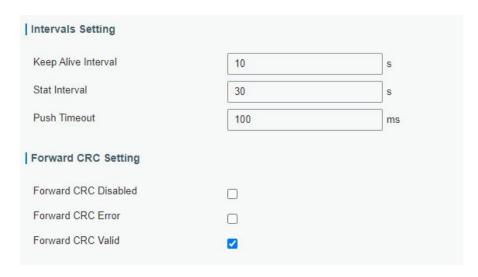


Figure 3-2-1-9

Item	Description	Default
Keep Alive Interval	Enter the interval of keepalive packet which is sent from gateway to network server to keep the connection stable and alive. Range: 1-3600.	10
Stat Interval	Enter the interval to update the network server with gateway statistics. Range: 1-3600.	30
Push Timeout	Enter the timeout to wait for the response from server after the gateway sends data of node. Rang: 1-1999.	100
Forward CRC Disabled	Enable to send packets received with CRC disabled to the network server.	Disabled
Forward CRC Error	Enable to send packets received with CRC errors to the network server.	Disabled
Forward CRC Valid	Enable to send packets received with CRC valid to the network server.	Enabled

Table 3-2-1-9 Advanced Parameters



Figure 3-2-1-10

Item	Description	Default
	Enable or disable LBT feature. Listen before talk (LBT) is	
Enable	used to detect whether the downlink channel is idle and	Disabled
	avoid channel access conflicts.	



	Note: AU915 and US915 do not support LBT feature.	
	Enter the criteria of an idle channel. If actual RSSI of a	
RSSI Target	channel is less than the criteria/target, the channel is	-80
	considered as idle. Range: -120~0	

Table 3-2-1-10 Advanced-LBT Parameters

#### 3.2.1.5 Custom

When Custom Configuration mode is enabled, you can write your own packet forwarder configuration file in the edit box to configure packet forwarder. Click "Save" to save your custom configuration file content, and click "Apply" to take effect. You can click "Clear" to erase all content in the edit box. If you don't know how to write configuration file, please click "Example" to go to reference page.

**Note:** customized configuration will overwrite the packet forward configurations of web GUI.

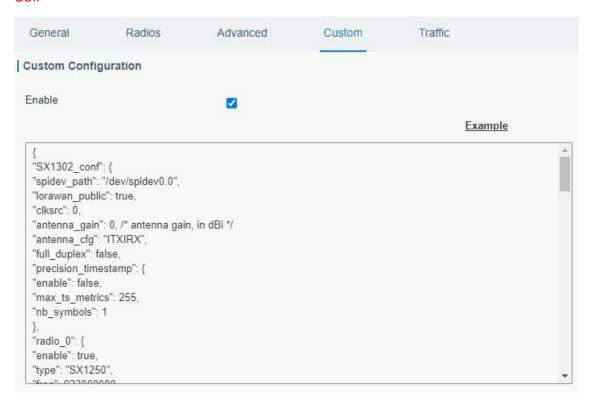


Figure 3-2-1-11

#### 3.2.1.6 Traffic

When navigating to the traffic page, any recent traffic received by the gateway will display. To watch live traffic, click **Refresh**.



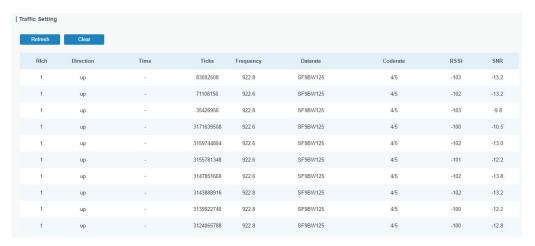


Figure 3-2-1-12

Item	Description
Refresh	Click to obtain the latest data.
Clear	Click to clear all data.
Rfch	Show the channel of this packet.
Direction	Show the direction of this packet.
Time	Show the receiving time of this packet.
Ticks	Show the ticks of this packet.
Frequency	Show the frequency of the channel.
Datarate	Show the datarate of the channel.
Coderate	Show the coderate of this packet.
RSSI	Show the received signal strength.
SNR	Show the signal to noise ratio of this packet.

Table 3-2-1-11 Traffic Parameters

#### 3.2.2 Network Server

#### 3.2.2.1 General

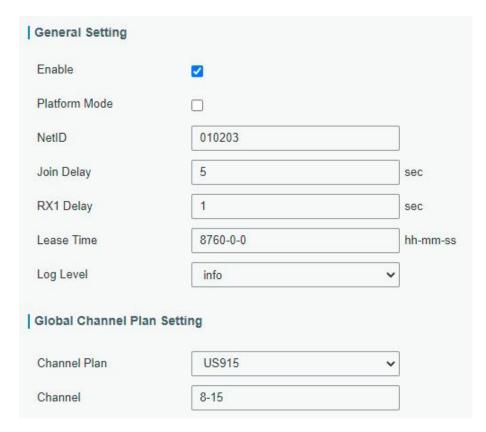


Figure 3-2-2-1

Item	Description	Default
General Setting		
Enable	Click to enable Network Server mode.	Enabled
Platform Mode	Enabled to connect gateway to Milesight IoT Cloud or Yeastar Workplace platform.	Disabled
NetID	Enter the network identifier.	010203
Join Delay	Enter the interval time between when the end-device sends a Join_request_message to network server and when the end-device prepares to open RX1 to receive the Join_accept_message sent from network server.	5
RX1 Delay	Enter the interval time between when the end-device sends uplink packets and when the end-device prepares to open RX1 to receive the downlink packet.	1
Lease Time	Enter the amount of time till a successful join expires. The format is hours-minutes-seconds. If the join-type is OTAA, then the end-devices need to join the network server again when it exceeds the lease time.	876000-00-00
Log level	Choose the log level.	Info
Channel Plan Setting		
Channel Plan	Choose LoRaWAN® channel plan used for the	Depend on the

	upstream and downlink frequencies and datarates. Available channel plans depend on the gateway's model.	gateway's frequency
Channel	Allow end devices to communicate with specific frequency channels.  Leave it blank means using all the default standard usable channels specified in the LoRaWAN® regional parameters document. It allows to enter the index of the channels.  Examples:  1, 40: Enabling Channel 1 and Channel 40  1-40: Enabling Channel 1 to Channel 40  1-40, 60: Enabling Channel 1 to Channel 40 and Channel 60	Depend on the gateway's frequency

Table 3-2-2-1 General Parameters

**Note:** For some regional variants, if allowed by your LoRaWAN® region, you can use Additional Plan to configure additional channels undefined by the LoRaWAN® Regional Parameters, like EU868 and KR920, as the following picture shows:

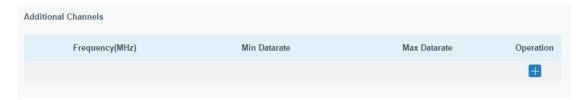


Figure 3-2-2-2

Additional Channels		
Item	Description	Default
Frequency/MHz	Enter the frequency of the additional plan.	Null.
Max Datarate	Enter the max datarate for the end-device. The range is based on what is specified in the LoRaWAN® regional parameters document.	DR0(SF12,125kHz)
Min Datarate	Enter the min datarate for the end-device. The range is based on what is specified in the LoRaWAN® regional parameters document.	DR3(SF9,125kHz)

Table 3-2-2-2 Additional Plan Parameters

#### 3.2.2.2 Application

An application is a collection of devices with the same purpose/of the same type. Users can add a series of devices to the same application which needs to send to the same server.



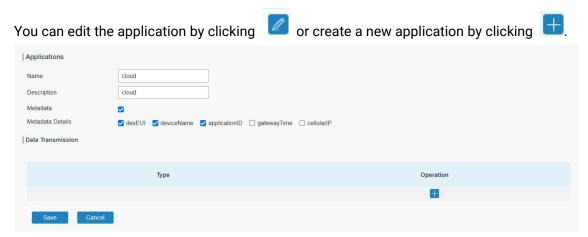


Figure 3-2-2-3

Application		
Item	Description	
Name	Enter the name of the application profile.	
	E.g smoker-sensor-app.	
December	Enter the description of this application.	
Description	E.g an application for smoker sensor.	
Metadata	Enable to select the details to report with uplink packets	
Metadata	automatically when the device adds the payload codec.	
Data Transmission	Data will be sent to your custom server using the MQTT, HTTP or	
	HTTPS protocol. One application can only add one MQTT	
	transmission and one HTTP (HTTPS) transmission.	

Table 3-2-2-3 Application Parameters

#### **MQTT Integration**

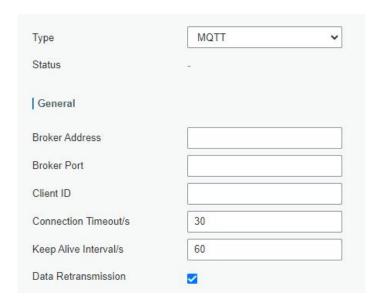


Figure 3-2-2-4



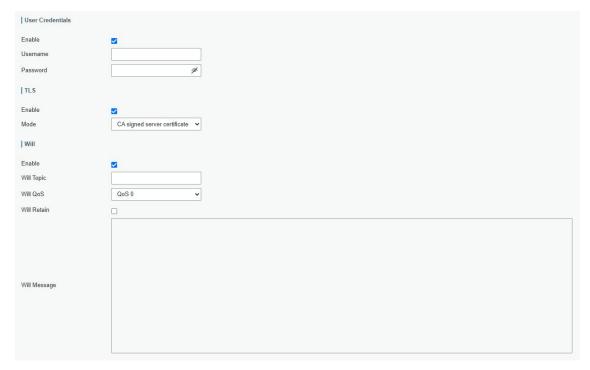


Figure 3-2-2-5

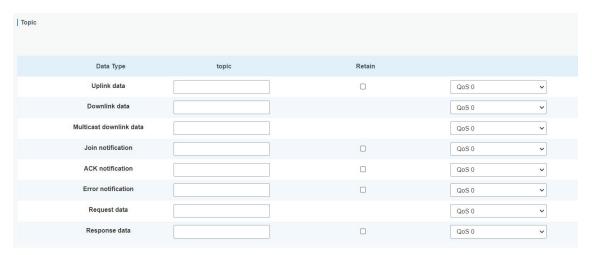


Figure 3-2-2-6

MQTT Settings		
Item	Description	
General		
Broker Address	MQTT broker address to receive data.	
Broker Port	MQTT broker port to receive data.	
Client ID	Client ID is the unique identity of the client to the server. It must be unique when all clients are connected to the same server, and it is the key to handle messages at QoS 1 and 2.	
Connection Timeout/s	If the client does not get a response after the connection timeout, the connection will be considered as broken. The Range: 1-65535	
Keep Alive Interval/s	After the client is connected to the server, the client will send heartbeat packet to the server regularly to keep alive. Range: 1-65535	



Data	After anabled it cumparts data storage of up to 10,000 pieces of data
Restransmi	After enabled, it supports data storage of up to 10,000 pieces of data when the network is disconnected and re-transmits the data after
ssion	network recovery.
User Creden	•
Enable	Enable user credentials.
Username	The username used for connecting to the MQTT broker.
Password	The password used for connecting to the MQTT broker.
TLS	
	Enable the TLS encryption in MQTT communication.
Enable	Note: if MQTT broker type is HiveMQ, please enable <b>TLS</b> and set the
	option as CA signed server certificate.
	Select from "Self signed certificates", "CA signed server certificate".
	CA signed server certificate: verify with the certificate issued by
Mode	Certificate Authority (CA) that pre-loaded on the device.
	Self signed certificates: upload the custom CA certificates(.crt or .pem),
	client Certificates(.crt) and secret key(.key) for verification.
Will	
	Last will message is automatically sent when the MQTT client is
Enable	abnormally disconnected. It is usually used to send device status
Enable	information or inform other devices or proxy servers of the device's
	offline status.
Will Topic	Customize the topic to receive last will messages.
Will QoS	QoS0, QoS1 or QoS2 are optional.
Will Retain	Enable to set last will message as retain message.
Will	
Message	Customize the last will message contents.
Topic	
-	Data type to communicate with MQTT broker:
	Uplink Data: receive device uplink packets
	<b>Downlink Data:</b> send downlink commands to devices. If you require to
	send downlink command to a single device, please add the wildcard
	"\$deveui" to this topic and replace this as real device EUI when
	subscribing this topic.
	Multicast Downlink Data: send downlink commands to multicast group
Data Type	Join Notification: receive join notifications if he gateway sends join
	accept packets to allow the devices to join the network
	ACK Notification: receive ACK packets from devices when sending
	downlink commands
	Error Notification: receive error packets from devices
	Request data: send requests to enquire and configure the gateway NS
	Response data: receive the request responses
Topic	Topic name of the data type used for publishing.
Topic	
Retain	Enable to set the latest message of this topic as retain message.
QoS	QoS 0 – Only Once



This is the fastest method and requires only 1 message. It is also the most unreliable transfer mode.

QoS 1 - At Least Once

This level guarantees that the message will be delivered at least once, but may be delivered more than once.

QoS 2 - Exactly Once

QoS 2 is the highest level of service in MQTT. This level guarantees that each message is received only once by the intended recipients. QoS 2 is the safest and slowest quality of service level.

Table 3-2-2-4 MQTT Settings Parameters

#### **HTTP/HTTPS Integration**

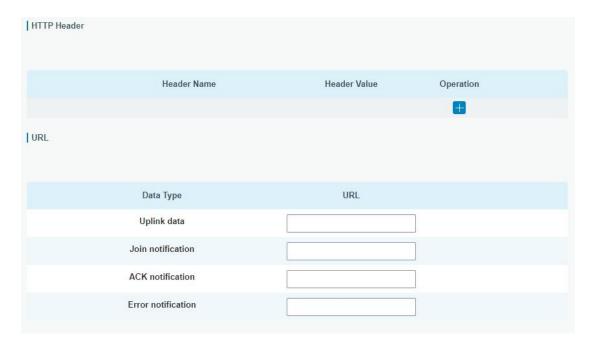


Figure 3-2-2-7

HTTP/HTTPS Settings		
Item	Description	
HTTP Header		
Header Name	A core set of fields in the HTTP header.	
Header Value	Value of the HTTP header.	
URL		
	Data type sent to HTTP/HTTPS server.	
	Uplink Data: receive device uplink packets	
	Join Notification: receive join notifications if he gateway sends join	
Data Type	accept packets to allow the devices to join the network	
	ACK Notification: receive ACK packets from devices when sending	
	downlink commands	
	Error Notification: receive error packets from devices	



Topic	Topic name of the data type used for publishing.
URL	HTTP/HTTPS server URL to receive data.

Table 3-2-2-5 HTTP/HTTPS Settings Parameters

#### **Related Configuration Example**

**Application configuration** 

#### 3.2.2.3 Payload Codec

Payload Codec provides the inbuilt payload codec library of Milesight LoRaWAN® devices to decode and encode the data easily. Users can also customize the payload codec of other brands of devices or adjust the uplink and downlink contents as requirements.

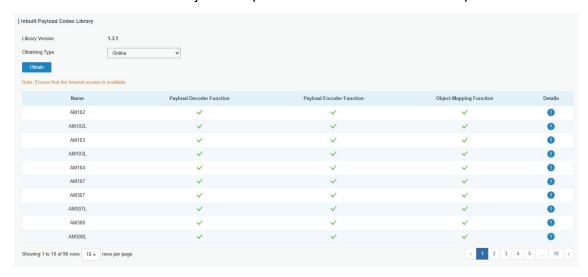


Figure 3-2-2-8

Inbuilt Payload Codec Library		
Item	Description	
Library Version	Show the version of the Milesight device payload codec library.	
Obtaining Type	Select the type to update the Milesight devices payload codec library.  Online: update automatically if gateway detects there is version update every time gateway powers on and accesses the Internet.  Users can also click Obtain button to check update status manually.  Local Upload: click Browse to upload the zip format payload codec package and click Import to update the library. For Milesight payload codec package, please download	



Encoder	
Function	
Object	
Mapping	Show if object mapping functions exist.
Function	
Details	Show the details of decoder and encoder. If this does not meet your requirement, please customize your payload codec.

Table 3-2-2-6 Inbuilt Payload Codec Library Parameters

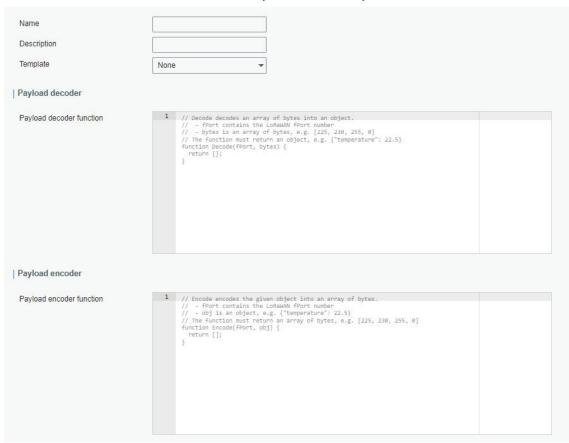


Figure 3-2-2-9



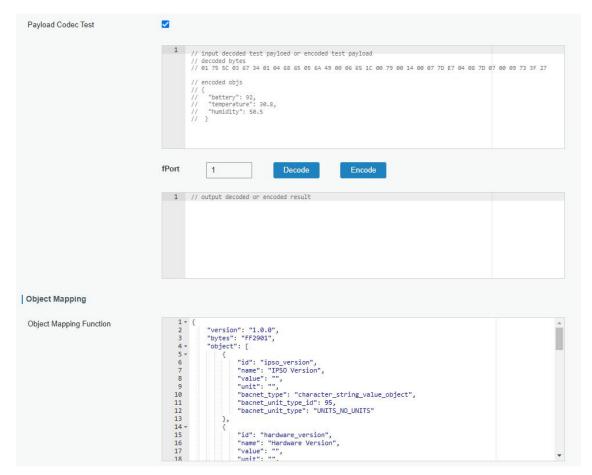


Figure 3-2-2-10

Custom Payload Codec	
Item	Description
Name	Enter the unique name of the custom payload codec.
Description	Enter the description of this payload codec.
Template	Select an existing inbuilt payload codec as a template.
Payload Decoder Function	Customize the device payload decoder to convert hex format data to JSON format. Note that the function header should be the same as the example on the blanks.
Payload Encoder Function	Customize the device payload encoder to convert JSON format message to hex format command. Note that the function header should be the same as the example on the blanks.
Payload Codec Test	Disable or enable payload codec test.  fPort: Application port of LoRaWAN® devices. It's 85 by default for Milesight LoRaWAN® devices.  Decode: Enter the hex format raw data without blank spaces and click Decode to check the result.  Encode: Enter the JSON format command and check Encode to check the result.
Object Mapping Function	Customize the mapping to convert LoRaWAN® message to BACnet or Modbus objects. For more details click <u>here</u> .

Table 3-2-2-7 Custom Payload Codec Parameters



#### Note:

- 1. The supported JavaScript version of payload decoder and encoder is ES5.
- 2. The variable names used in decoders and encoders of one Payload Codec must be the same if they point to the same items.

#### 3.2.2.4 Profiles

A Profile defines the device capabilities and boot parameters that are needed by the Netwo rk Server for setting the LoRaWAN® radio access service. These information elements shall be provided by the end-device manufacturer. UG67 has pre-configured 8 device files and users can also create a new device profile.

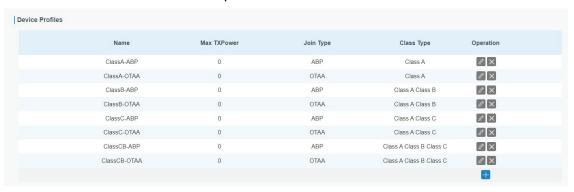


Figure 3-2-2-11

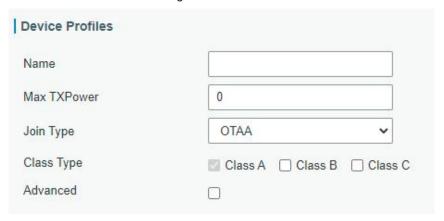


Figure 3-2-2-12

Device Profiles Settings		
Item	Description	
Name	Enter the name of the device profile.	
Max TXPower	Enter the maximum transmit power.  The TXPower indicates power levels relative to the Max EIRP level of the end-device. 0 means using the max EIRP. EIRP refers to the Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power.	
Join Type	Select from: "OTAA" and "ABP".	
Class Type	Class A is fixed as enabled. Users can check the box of Class B or Class C to add the class type.  Note: Beacon period should be set to nonzero value in Packet	



## Forwarder > Advanced if using Class B.

Table 3-2-2-8 Device Profiles Setting Parameters

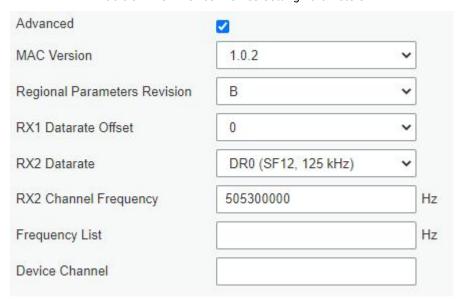


Figure 3-2-2-13

Device Profile Advanced Settings		
Item	Description	Default
MAC Version	Choose the version of the LoRaWAN® supported by the end-device.	1.0.2
Regional Parameter Revision	Revision of the Regional Parameters document supported by the end-device.	В
RX1 Datarate Offset	The offset which used for calculating the RX1 data-rate, based on the uplink data-rate.	Based on what is specified in
RX2 Datarate	Enter the RX2 datarate which used for the RX2 receive-window.	the LoRaWAN® regional
RX2 Channel	RX2 channel frequency which used for the RX2	parameters
Frequency	receive-window.	document
Frequency List	List of factory-preset frequencies. The range is based on what is specified in the LoRaWAN® regional parameters document.	Null
Device Channel	Change this device frequency channel by typing the channel indexs. When configured, it takes precedence over the global channel. This setting only works for CN470/US915/AU915 gateway.	Null
PingSlot Period	Period of opening the pingslot.	Every Second
PingSlot DataRate	Datarate of the node receiving downlinks.	Based on the supported frequency
PingSlot Freq	Frequency of the node receiving downlinks.	Based on the supported



		frequency
ACK Timeout	The time for confirmed downlink transmissions. This option is only applicable to class B and class C.	Class B: 10 Class C: 10

Table 3-2-2-9 Device Profiles Advanced Setting Parameters

### 3.2.2.5 Device

A device is the end-device connecting to, and communicating over the LoRaWAN® network.



Figure 3-2-2-14

Item	Description
Add	Add a device.
Bulk Import	Download template and import multiple devices.
Delete All	Delete all devices in the list.
Device Name	Show the name of the device.
Device EUI	Show the EUI of the device.
Device-Profile	Show the name of the device's device profile.
Dayland Codoo	Show the used payload codec of the device. Click to check the
Payload Codec	details of this payload codec.
Application	Show the name of the device's application.
Last Seen	Show the time of last packet received.
Activated	Show the status of the device .   means that the device has
	been activated.
Operation	Edit or delete the device.

Table 3-2-2-10 Device Parameters



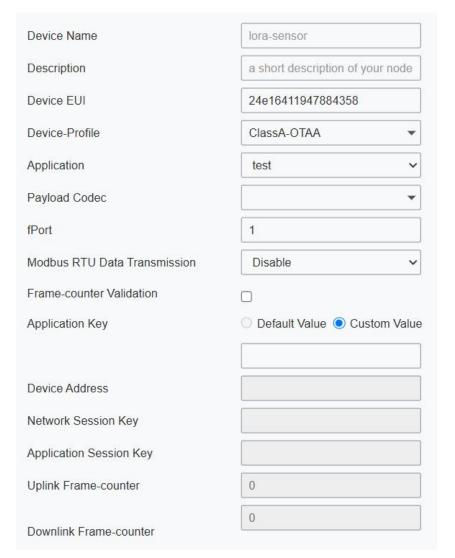


Figure 3-2-2-15

Device Configuration	
Item	Description
Device Name	Enter the name of this device.
Description	Enter the description of this device.
Device EUI	Enter the EUI of this device.
Device-Profile	Choose the device profile.
Application	Choose the application profile.
Payload Codec	Choose the payload codec existed on <b>Payload Codec</b> page.
fPort	Enter the downlink port of device, it's 85 by default for Milesight
IFOIL	devices.
	Choose from: "Disable", "Modbus RTU to TCP", "Modbus RTU over
	TCP". This feature is only applicable to Milesight LoRaWAN®
Modbus RTU	controllers.(UC501/UC300, etc.)
Data	Modbus RTU to TCP: TCP client can send Modbus TCP commands
Transmission	to ask for controller Modbus data.
	Modbus RTU over TCP: TCP client can send Modbus RTU commands
	to ask for controller Modbus data.



Modbus RTU Fport	Enter the LoRaWAN® frame port for transparent transmission between Milesight LoRaWAN® controllers and UG67. Range: 2-84, 86-223. Note: this value must be the same as the Milesight LoRaWAN® controller's Fport.	
TCP Port	Enter the TCP port for data transmission between the TCP Client and UG67 (as TCP Server). Range: 1-65535.	
Frame-Counter Validation	If disable the frame-counter validation, it will compromise security as it enables people to perform replay-attacks.	
Application Key	Whenever an end-device joins a network via over-the-air activation, the application key is used for derive the Application Session key. <b>Default Value:</b> The default value of Milesight end devices is 5572404C696E6B4C6F52613230313823. <b>Custom Value:</b> Define the appkey according to the end devices.	
Device Address	The device address identifies the end-device within the current network.	
Network Session Key	The network session key specific for the end-device. It is used by the end-device to calculate the MIC or part of the MIC (message integrity code) of all uplink data messages to ensure data integrity.	
Application Session Key	The AppSKey is an application session key specific for the end-device. It is used by both the application server and the end-device to encrypt and decrypt the payload field of application-specific data messages.	
Uplink Frame-counter	The number of data frames which sent uplink to the network server. It will be incremented by the end-device and received by the end-device. Users can reset the a personalized end-device manually, then the frame counters on the end-device and the frame counters on the network server for that end-device will be reset to 0.	
Downlink Frame-counter	The number of data frames which received by the end-device downlink from the network server. It will be incremented by the network server.  Users can reset the a personalized end-device manually, then the frame counters on the end-device and the frame counters on the network server for that end-device will be reset to 0.	

Table 3-2-2-11 Device Setting Parameters

## **Related Configuration Example**

**Device configuration** 

### 3.2.2.6 FUOTA

Firmware Update Over the Air (FUOTA) is a standard for distributing firmware to end devices updates using unicast or multicast. **Before using this feature, ensure the end device supports the standard LoRaWAN® FUOTA protocol.** 





Figure 3-2-2-16

FUOTA		
Item	Description	
Add	Click to add a task.	
Delete	Check the boxes of the task list and click to delete these tasks.	
Task Name	The task name.	
Firmware	The firmware to upgrade in this task.	
	The task status.	
	<b>Pending:</b> Wait for the scheduled time to process the task.	
Status	Waiting: Prepare to create the session for an upgrade.	
Status	<b>Executing:</b> At least one device replies to the upgrade result.	
	Finished: All devices reply the upgrade results including success and	
	failure.	
Progress	The device amount that is upgraded successfully/is planned to be	
Fiogress	upgraded.	
Create Time	The time to create this task.	
Start Time	The time to start this task.	
End Time	The time to complete this task.	
	☑: Edit this task when task status is Pending.	
Operation	i: Check task details, including the success and failure status of	
	every device.	
	Retry the task to devices which are upgraded failed when task	
	status is Finished.	
	Delete this task when task status is Pending or Finished.	

Table 3-2-2-12 FUOTA Parameters

## **Add FUOTA Tasks**

- 1. Click **Add** button to add a FUOTA task.
- 2. Configure the task settings.



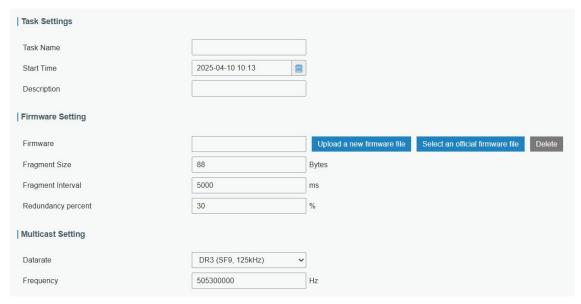


Figure 3-2-2-17

Add Task Settings		
Item	Description	
Basic Informat	ion	
Task Name	Customize a task name.	
Start Time	Set the time to start this task.	
Description	Enter the description for this task.	
Firmware Setti	ngs	
Firmware	Import the firmware to upgrade.  Upload a new firmware file: Import a firmware locally.  Select an Official Firmware file: Select the product model first and select the firmware to download from the official website. It requires the gateway to access the Internet.  Select an official firmware file  Please select the product model first	
	Firmware Name Product Model Firmware Version Support Hardware Version Support Firmware Version Description  No matching records found	
Fragment Size	The firmware file will be split as this size to assign to devices. Usually please keep this value as default.  If the network environment is complex or bad, it is suggested to reduce this value to 64 or a lower value; if the network environment is good, this value can be added to increase to improve transmission speed.	
Fragment Interval	The interval to assign firmware fragments to devices. Usually please keep this value as default.  If the network environment is complex or bad, it is suggested to reduce this value to 3 or a lower value; if the network environment is	



	good, this value can be added to increase to improve transmission speed.	
Redundancy Percent	The device will send 30% redundancy packets for firmware file packet correction. Usually please keep this value as default.  If the network environment is complex or bad, it is suggested to reduce this value to 20% or a lower value; if the network environment is good, this value can be added to improve transmission success.	
Multicast Settings		
Datarate	Datarate to assign the firmware fragments to devices.	
Frequency	Downlink frequency to assign the firmware fragments to devices.	

Table 3-2-2-13 Task Parameters

3. Select the devices to execute this task. Please select the devices with the same model.

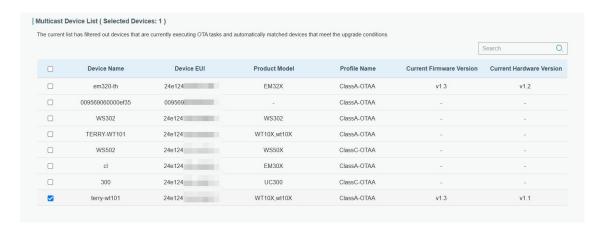


Figure 3-2-2-18

4. Click Save to save these task settings.

### 3.2.2.7 Multicast Groups

Milesight gateways support for creating Class B or Class C multicast groups to send downlink messages to a group of end devices. A multicast group is a virtual ABP device (i.e. shared session keys), does not support uplink, confirmed downlink nor MAC commands.



Figure 3-2-2-19

Item	Description
Add	Add a multicast group.



Group Name	Show the name of the group.
Number of Devices	Show the device number of the group.
Operation	Edit or delete the multicast group.

Table 3-2-2-14 Multicast Group Parameters

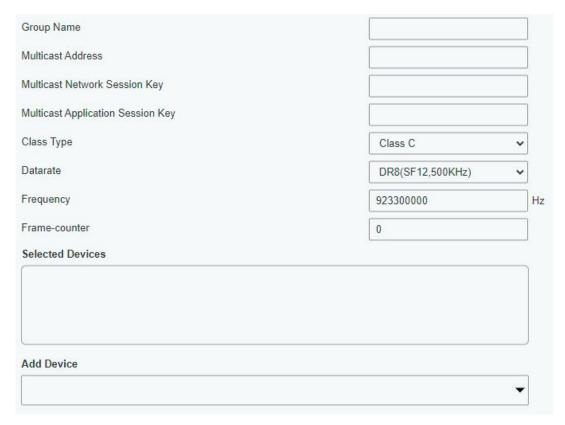


Figure 3-2-2-20

Multicast Group Cor	Multicast Group Configuration	
Item	Description	
Group Name	Enter the name of this multicast group.	
Multicast Address	Device address (Dev Addr) of all devices in this group.	
Multicast Network	The network session key (Netwks Key) of all devices in this	
Session Key	group.	
Multicast	The application session key(AppSKey) of all devices in this	
Application	group.	
Session Key	group.	
Class Type	Class B and Class C are optional.	
Datarate	Datarate of the node receiving downlinks	
Frequency	Downlink frequency of all devices in this group.	
	The number of data frames which received by the end-device	
Frame-counter	downlink from the network server. It will be incremented by the	
	network server.	
Ping Slot	Period of opening the pingslot. This is only applied to Class B	
Periodicity	end devices.	
Selected Devices	Show all device names in this group.	



Add Device Add devices in the pull-down list.	
---	--

Table 3-2-2-15 Multicast Group Setting Parameters

## 3.2.2.8 Gateway Fleet

Milesight gateways can connect to UG67 network server. A gateway supports to add 100 gateways at most.



Figure 3-2-2-21

Item	Description
Gateway ID	Show the gateway ID.
Name	Show the name of the gateway.
Status	Show the connection status of the gateway.
Last Seen	Show the time of last packet received.
Operation	Edit or delete the gateway.

Table 3-2-2-16 Gateway Fleet Parameters

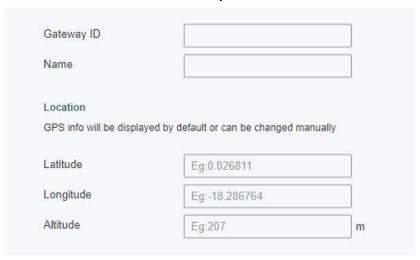


Figure 3-2-2-22

Item	Description
Gateway ID	Enter the unique gateway ID to recognize the gateway.
Name	Enter the name of this gateway.
Location	GPS data of the gateway can be edited here. If gateway sends GPS
	data it will replace your customized data.

Table 3-2-2-17 Gateway Setting Parameters

#### 3.2.2.9 Packets

The gateway supports to display latest 1000 pieces of packets and send command to



### devices.

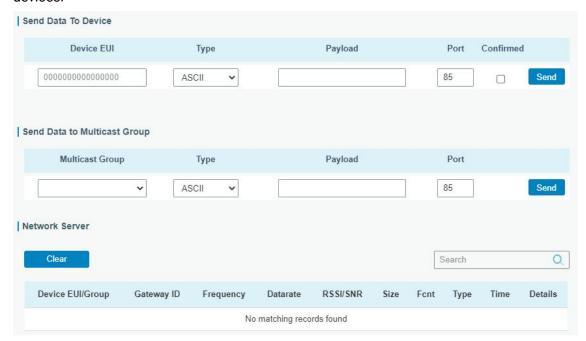


Figure 3-2-2-23

Send Data To	Send Data To Device/Multicast Group	
Item	Description	
Device EUI	Enter the EUI of the device to receive the payload.	
Multicast Group	Select the multicast group to send downlinks. Multicast groups can be added under <b>Multicast Groups</b> tab.	
Туре	Choose the payload type to enter in the payload Input box: ASCII, Hex, base64.	
Payload	Enter the message to be sent to this device.	
Port	Enter the LoRaWAN® frame port for packet transmission between device and Network Server.	
Confirmed	After enabled, the end device will receive downlink packet and should answer "confirmed" to the network server. Multicast feature does not support confirmed downlink.	

Table 3-2-2-18 Send Data to Device Parameters

Network Server	
Item	Description
Device EUI/Group	Show the EUI of the device or multicast group.
Frequency	Show the used frequency to transmit packets.
Datarate	Show the used datarate to transmit packets.
SNR	Show the signal-noise ratio.
RSSI	Show the received signal strength indicator.
Size	Show the size of payload.
Fcnt	Show the frame counter.
Туре	Show the type of the packet:



	JnAcc - Join Accept Packet
	JnReq - Join Request Packet
	UpUnc - Uplink Unconfirmed Packet
	UpCnf - Uplink Confirmed Packet - ACK response from network
	requested
	DnUnc - Downlink Unconfirmed Packet
	DnCnf - Downlink Confirmed Packet- ACK response from
	end-device requested
Time	Show the time of packet was sent or received.

Table 3-2-2-19 Packet Parameters

Click to get more details about the packet. As shown:



Figure 3-2-2-4

Item	Description
Dev	
Addr/Multicast	Show the address of the device/multicast group.
Addr	
GwEUI	Show the EUI of the gateway.
AppEUI	Show the App EUI of the end device.
DevEUI/Group	Show the EUL of the device/multipast group name
Name	Show the EUI of the device/multicast group name.
Class Type	Show the class type of the device or multicast group.
Immediately	Whether to send this downlink packet immediately.
Timostama	Show the time to receive this packet after packet forwarder starts
Timestamp	running. Unit: ms
Туре	Show the type of the packet:
	JnAcc - Join Accept Packet
	JnReq - Join Request Packet



	UpUnc - Uplink Unconfirmed Packet UpCnf - Uplink Confirmed Packet - ACK response from network requested DnUnc - Downlink Unconfirmed Packet DnCnf - Downlink Confirmed Packet- ACK response from end-device requested
Adr	True: The end-node has enabled ADR. False: The end-node has not enabled ADR.
AdrAcKReq	In order to validate that the network is receiving the uplink messages, nodes periodically transmit ADRACKReq message. This is 1 bit long. True: Network should respond in ADR_ACK_DELAY time to confirm that it is receiving the uplink messages.  False: ADR is disabled or Network does not respond in ADR_ACK_DELAY.
Ack	True: This frame is ACK. False: This frame is not ACK.
Fcnt	Show the frame-counter of this packet. The network server tracks the uplink frame counter and generates the downlink counter for each end-device.
FPort	The FPort to transmit this packet. If this packet is MAC command, the port is 0; if this packet is include application data, the port is not 0 (1-233).
Modulation	LoRa means the physical layer uses the LoRa modulation.
Bandwidth	Show the bandwidth of this channel.
SpreadFactor	Show the spreadFactor of this channel.
Bitrate	Show the bitrate of this channel.
CodeRate	Show the coderate of this channel.
SNR	Show the SNR of this channel.
RSSI	Show the RSSI of this channel.
Power	Show the transmit power of the device.
Payload (b64)	Show the application payload of this packet.
Payload (hex)	Show the application payload of this packet.
Json	Show the data after decoded.
MIC	Show the MIC of this packet. MIC is a cryptographic message integrity code, computed over the fields MHDR, FHDR, FPort and the encrypted FRMPayload.

Table 3-2-2-20 Packets Details Parameters

## **Related Topic**

Send Data to Device

# 3.3 Protocol Integration



#### 3.3.1 BACnet Server

UG67 can work as LoRaWAN® to BACnet gateway to integrate with BMS system easily. Before using this feature, ensure the version of inbuilt payload codec library is latest and corresponding LoRaWAN® devices have added correct payload codec.

#### 3.3.1.1 Server

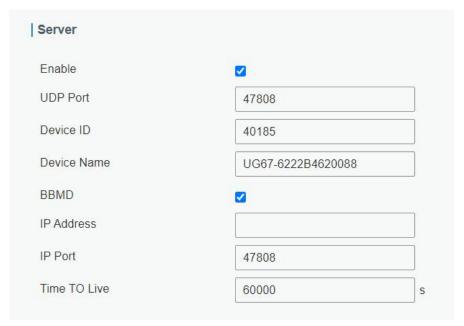


Figure 3-3-1-1

Server Settings	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable BACnet server function.
UDP Port	Set communication port of BACnet/IP. Range: 1-65535.
ODI TOR	The default port is 47808.
Device ID	The unique BACnet device identifier which needs to avoid conflict
Device ib	with other devices.
Device Name	The device name to represent the device.
BBMD	Enable BBMD(BACnet/IP Broadcast Management Device) if
	BACnet devices of different network subnets should work together.
IP Address	Fill in the IP address of BBMD device or external device registrar.
IP Port	Fill in the UDP/IP port for external device registration.
Time TO Live	Number of seconds used on external device registration.

Table 3-3-1-1 Server Parameters

## 3.3.1.2 BACnet Object





Figure 3-3-1-2

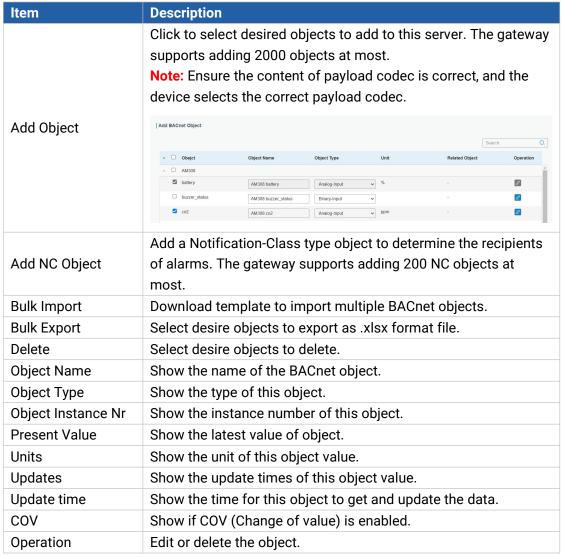


Table 3-3-1-2 BACnet Object List Parameters



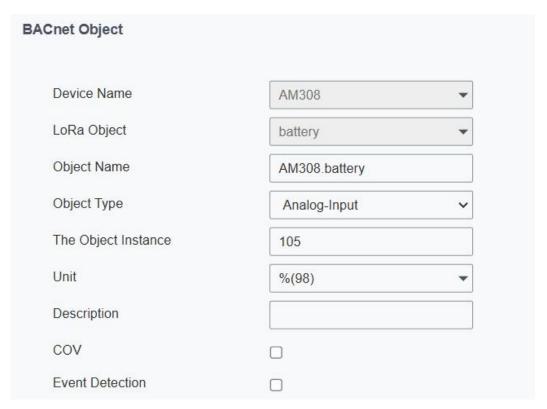


Figure 3-3-1-3

BACnet Object Co	BACnet Object Configuration		
Item	Description		
Device Name	Show the name of devices.		
LoRa Object	Show the corresponding name of LoRa object.		
Object Name	Customize an unique name for this object.		
Object Type	Select the object type as Binary Input/Output/Value, Analog Input/Output/Value, MultiState Input/Output/Value and CharacterString value.		
The Object Instance	Customize the object instance.		
Description	Enter the description of this object.		
Event Detection	Enable to report the alarm of this value. It requires to define at least		
Lvent Detection	one notification class object first.		
Analog Input/Out	Analog Input/Output/Value		
Units	Select the unit of this object value.		
COV	When object value changes, the BACnet server (gateway) will send notification of new value to BACnet client. This only applies to analog type objects.		
COV Increment	Only when the object value reaches or over this increment, the BACnet server (gateway) will send the notification.		
Relinquish	If there is no command, the analog output will be set as this		
Default	relinquish default value.		
Binary Input/Output/Value			



D - I!4	Define the him on its address of the new class Decision
Polarity	Define the binary input/output status as Normal or Reverse.
Active Text	Characterize the intended effect of active state of binary type object
	value. <b>Example:</b> when a button is pressed and binary input is 1,
	active text can be defined as "Pressed".
	Characterize the intended effect of inactive state of binary type
Inactive Text	object value. <b>Example:</b> for a button, inactive text can be defined as
	"Unpressed".
Relinquish	If there is no command, the binary output will be set as this
Default	relinquish default value.
MultiState Input/	Output/Value
Number of States	Set the number of states and define the name of every state.
Relinquish	If there is no command, the multistate output will be set as this
Default	relinquish default value.
<b>Event Detection</b>	
Notification	Select the notification class to determine the recipients of this
Class	alarm.
Event	Select the event type to report.
	When object type is analog type, select if reporting the event when
Limit Event	reaching the high limit or low limit.
	Under To Offnormal status, when current value returns to (high
	limit-deadband) value or (low limit+deadband) lasting the delay
Deadband	time, the device will generate To Normal event. Only Analog types
	have this option.
	Only when current value matches the threshold condition or is out
Time Delay	of threshold for this time, the device will report the corresponding
,	event.
	Report the To Offnormal event if the current value is equal to alarm
	value for delay time; report To Normal event if the current value is
Alarm Value	not equal to alarm value for delay time. Only Binary Input, Binary
	Value, Multi-State Input or Multi-State Value has this option.
	Report the To Fault event if the current value is equal to fault value.
Fault Value	Only Multi-State Input or Multi-State Value has this option.
	Report the To Offnormal event if the current value is equal to
Feedback Value	feedback value for delay time; report To Normal event if the current
	value is not equal to feedback value for delay time. Only Multi-State
	,
Notification	Output or Binary Output has this option.
	Select the notification type as Alarm or Event.
Туре	

Table 3-3-1-3 BACnet Object Configuration Parameters



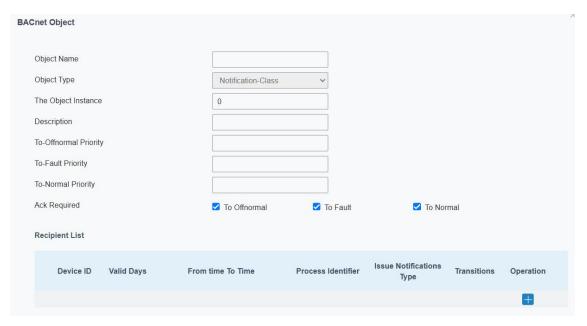


Figure 3-3-1-4

Notification Class	otification Class BACnet Object Configuration	
Item	Description	
Object Name	Customize a unique name for this object.	
Object Type	It is fixed as Notification-Class.	
The Object Instance	Customize the object instance.	
Description	Enter the description of this object.	
To-Offnormal Priority	Set the priority number which is used by recipients to sort the event	
To-Fault Priority	notifications. Range: 0-255 (0 being most important, 255 least	
To-Normal Priority	important)	
Ack Required	Specify if this event requires the recipient to send the Acknowledgement Alarm message back to gateway.	
Recipient List	When event detection is enabled and this notification class is selected, the event notification will be sent to recipients in this list. One list supports to add 10 recipients at most.  Device ID: the target recipient device ID.  Valid Days: valid days to send notifications.  From time to time: valid time to send notifications.  Process Identifier: the identifier to indicate what process the alarm is intended for. For example, maybe process identifier 1 means maintenance alarms, 2 means critical alarms and 3 means life safety alarms, etc.  Issue Notifications Type: select the notification type as confirmed or unconfirmed. If the gateway does not receive the response of Confirmed notification, it will send the notification once again.  Transitions: select the reported event types.	



Table 3-3-1-4 Notification Class BACnet Object Configuration Parameters

#### 3.3.2 Modbus Server

The gateway can work as Modbus server (slave) to receive Modbus RTU or Modbus TCP commands from PLC/BMS systems to read or write to LoRaWAN® devices. Before using this feature, ensure the version of inbuilt payload codec library is latest and corresponding LoRaWAN® devices have added correct payload codec.

#### 3.3.2.1 Server



Figure 3-3-2-1

Item	Description
Add	Add a Modbus server (slave). One gateway supports to add 15
	servers at most.
Status	Show the enable status of this server.
Name	Show the name of the server.
IP Address	Show the IP address of this server and click to check the details.
Port	Show the communication port of this server.
Connection Type	Show the connection type of this server.
Sever ID	Show the server ID of this server.
Modbus Object	Show the Modbus object amount of this server and click the
Count	number to check the details.
Operation	Edit or delete this server.

Table 3-3-2-1 Server Parameters

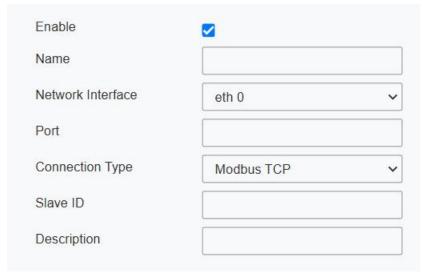


Figure 3-3-2-2



Server Settings		
Item	Description	
Enable	Enable or disable this Modbus server.	
Name	Customize a unique name to identify this server.	
	Select the network interface for this server to communicate with	
Network	Modbus clients (master). The device supports to use different	
Interface	network interfaces to communicate with different remote	
	platforms.	
Port	Set communication port of this server. Range: 1-65535.	
	Select the connection type of this server.	
	Modbus TCP: Modbus client will send Modbus TCP format	
Connection Type	commands to this Modbus server.	
	Modbus RTU over TCP: Modbus client will send Modbus RTU	
	format commands to this Modbus server.	
Server ID	Set the server ID of this Modbus server. This is used for Modbus	
Server ID	client to identify every server.	
Description	Add description for this server.	

Table 3-3-2-2 Server Settings Parameters

## 3.3.2.2 Modbus Object

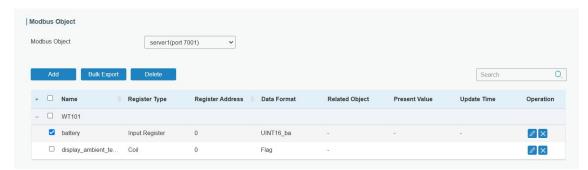


Figure 3-3-2-3

Item	Description		
Modbus Object	Select the Modbus server to add and edit the objects.		
	Click to select desired objects to add to this server. The gateway supports adding 2000 objects at most.  Note: ensure the content of payload codec is correct, and the device selects the correct payload codec.		
Add	Add Modbus Object		
	- Name Register Type Data Format Register Quantity Related Object Operation		
	☑ battery Input Register ✓ UINT16_ba ✓ 1 - ☑		
	☑ change_report_enable Coll ✓ Flag 1 -		
	Coil Flag 1 -		
Bulk Export	Select desire objects to export as .xlsx format file.		
Delete	Select desire objects to delete.		
Name	Show the name of this object.		



Register Type	Show the register type of this object.	
Register Address	Show the register address of this object.	
Data Format	Show the data format of this object.	
Related Object	Show the related objects.	
Present value	Show the latest value of object.	
Update time	Show the time for this object to get and update the data.	
Operation	Edit or delete the object.	

Table 3-3-2-3 Modbus Object List Parameters

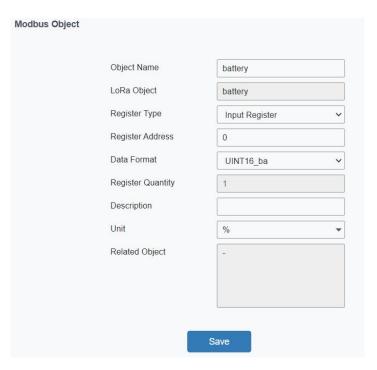


Figure 3-3-2-4

Modbus Object Configuration	
Item	Description
Object Name	Customize a unique name for this object.
LoRa Object	Show the corresponding name of LoRa object.
Object Name	Customize a unique name for this object.
	Select the Modbus register type.
	Discrete Input: read-only, only including 0 and 1 status.
Register Type	Coil: read-write, only including 0 and 1 status.
	Holding Register: read-write, including analog values, strings, etc.
	Input Register: read-only, including analog values, strings, etc.
	When adding an object, this address will generate automatically.
	And this address support to change. Range: 0-65535
Register Address	Note:
	1) The address of the same register type must be different in one
	Modbus server.
	2) The address is related to register quantity. If the address of this



	object is 0 and register quantity is 2, the address of next object must be 2(0+2) or higher values.	
Data Format	Show or select the data format of this object.	
Register Quantity	Show the register occupied quantity of this object.	
Description	Enter the description of this object.	
Unit	Select the unit of this object.	
Related Register	Show the related registers. When writing this object, related registers should be written together. Otherwise, this object will be failed to change.	

Table 3-3-2-4 Modbus Object Configuration Parameters

#### 3.4 Network

#### 3.4.1 Interface

#### 3.4.1.1 Port

The Ethernet port can be connected with Ethernet cable to get Internet access. It supports 3 connection types.

- Static IP: configure IP address, netmask and gateway for Ethernet WAN interface.
- **DHCP Client**: configure Ethernet WAN interface as DHCP Client to obtain IP address automatically.
- PPPoE: configure Ethernet WAN interface as PPPoE Client.

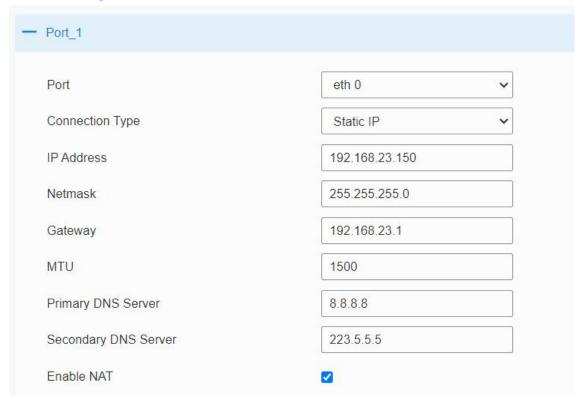


Figure 3-4-1-1

Port Setting		
Item	Description	Default
Port	The port that is fixed as eth0 port and enabled.	eth 0



Connection Type	Select from "Static IP", "DHCP Client" and "PPPoE".	DHCP
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit.	1500
Primary DNS Server	Set the primary DNS.	8.8.8.8
Secondary DNS Server	Set the secondary DNS.	223.5.5.5
Enable NAT	Enable or disable NAT function. When enabled, a private IP can be translated to a public IP.	Enable

Table 3-4-1-1 Port Parameters

## **Related Configuration Example**

**Ethernet Connection** 

## 1. Static IP Configuration

If the external network assigns a fixed IP for the Ethernet port, user can select "Static IP" mode.

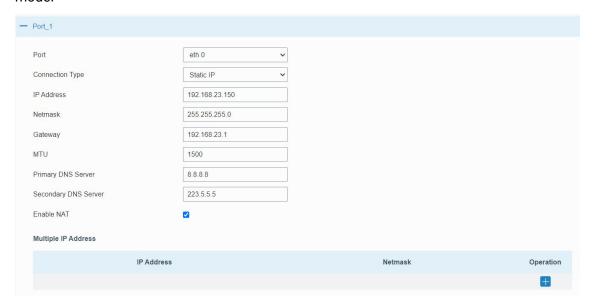


Figure 3-4-1-2

Static IP	Static IP		
Item	Description	Default	
IP Address	Set the IP address which can access Internet.	192.168.23.150	
Netmask	Set the Netmask for Ethernet port.	255.255.255.0	
Gateway	Set the gateway's IP address for Ethernet port.	192.168.23.1	
Multiple IP Address	Set the multiple IP addresses for Ethernet port.	Null	

Table 3-4-1-2 Static IP Parameters



#### 2. DHCP Client

If the external network has DHCP server enabled and has assigned IP addresses to the Ethernet WAN interface, user can select "DHCP client" mode to obtain IP address automatically.



Figure 3-4-1-3

DHCP Client	
Item	Description
Use Peer DNS	Obtain peer DNS automatically during PPP dialing. DNS is necessary when user visits domain name.

Table 3-4-1-3 DHCP Client Parameters

#### 3. PPPoE

PPPoE refers to a point to point protocol over Ethernet. User has to install a PPPoE client on the basis of original connection way. With PPPoE, remote access devices can get control of each user.

Port_1		
Port	eth 0	~
Connection Type	PPPoE	~
Username		
Password		
Link Detection Interval(s)	60	
Max Retries	0	
MTU	1500	
Use Peer DNS		
Primary DNS Server	8.8.8.8	
Secondary DNS Server	223.5.5.5	
Enable NAT	<b>2</b>	



Figure 3-4-1-4

PPPoE PPPoE	
Item	Description
Username	Enter the username provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
Password	Enter the password provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
Link Detection Interval (s)	Set the heartbeat interval for link detection. Range: 1-600.
Max Retries	Set the maximum retry times after it fails to dial up. Range: 0-9.
Use Peer DNS	Obtain peer DNS automatically during PPP dialing. DNS is necessary when user visits domain name.

Table 3-4-1-4 PPPOE Parameters

#### 3.4.1.2 WLAN

This section explains how to set the related parameters for Wi-Fi network. UG67 supports 802.11 b/g/n, as AP or client mode.

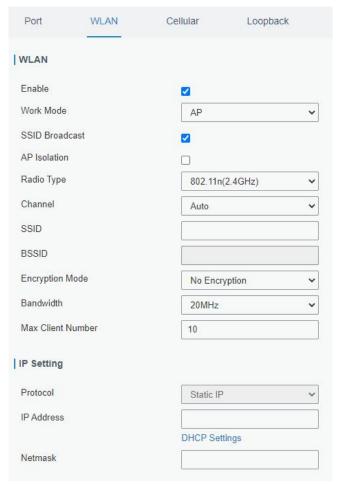


Figure 3-4-1-5

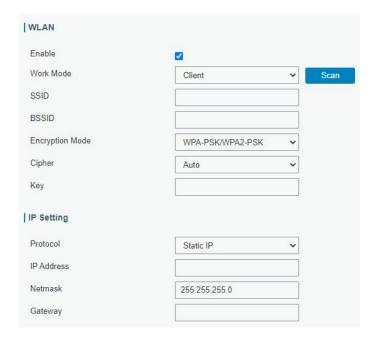


Figure 3-4-1-6

WLAN Settings		
Item	Description	
Enable	Enable/disable WLAN.	
Work Mode	Select gateway's work mode. The options are "Client" or "AP".	
BSSID	Fill in the MAC address of the access point. Either SSID or BSSID	
DOOID	can be filled to join the network.	
SSID	Fill in the SSID of the access point.	
Client Mode		
Scan	Click "Scan" button to search the nearby access point.	
	Select encryption mode. The options are "No Encryption", "WEP	
Encryption Mode	Open System", "WEP Shared Key", "WPA-PSK", "WPA2-PSK",	
Literyption wiede	"WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK", "WPA-Enterprise", "WPA2-Enterprise"and	
	"WPA-Enterprise/WPA2-Enterprise".	
Cipher	Select cipher. The options are "Auto", "AES", "TKIP" and	
	"AES/TKIP".	
Key	Fill the pre-shared key of WEP/WPA encryption.	
XSupplicant Type	Select from "Peap", "Leap", "TLS" and "TTLS".	
User	Fill the user of WPA/WPA2-Enterprise.	
Anonymous	Fill the anonymous identity of WPA/WPA2-Enterprise.	
Identity	, i	
Phase2	Fill the phase2 of WPA/WPA2-Enterprise.	
Public Server	The public server certificate used for verifying with	
Certificate	WPA/WPA2-Enterprise access point.	
AP Mode		
SSID Broadcast	When SSID broadcast is disabled, other wireless devices can't not	
Join Dioaucast	find the SSID, and users have to enter the SSID manually to	

	access to the wireless network.
AP Isolation	When AP isolation is enabled, all users which access to the AP
	are isolated without communication with each other.
Radio Type	Select Radio type. The options are "802.11b (2.4 GHz)", "802.11g
Radio Type	(2.4 GHz)", "802.11n (2.4 GHz)"".
Channel	Select wireless channel. The options are "Auto", "1", "2""11".
	Select encryption mode. The options are "No Encryption", "WEP
Encryption Mode	Open System", "WEP Shared Key", "WPA-PSK", "WPA2-PSK" and "WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK".
	·
Cipher	Select cipher. The options are "Auto", "AES", "TKIP" and "AES/TKIP".
17	Fill the pre-shared key of WPA encryption. The default password
Key	is <b>iotpassword</b> .
Bandwidth	Select bandwidth. The options are "20MHz" and "40MHz".
May Client Number	Set the maximum number of client to access when the gateway
Max Client Number	is configured as AP.
IP Setting	
Protocol	Set the protocol in wireless network.
IP Address	Set the IP address in wireless network.
Netmask	Set the netmask in wireless network.
Gateway	Set the gateway in wireless network.

Table 3-4-1-5 WLAN Parameters

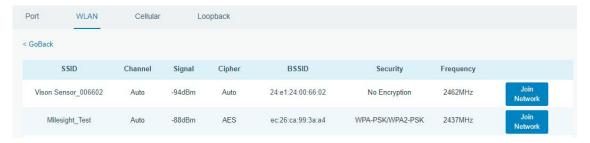


Figure 3-4-1-7

Client Mode-Scan	
SSID	Show SSID.
Channel	Show wireless channel.
Signal	Show wireless signal.
BSSID	Show the MAC address of the access point.
Security	Show the encryption mode.
Frequency	Show the frequency of radio.
Join Network	Click the button to join the wireless network.

Table 3-4-1-6 WLAN Scan Parameters

## **Related Topic**

Wi-Fi Application Example



## 3.4.1.3 Cellular (Cellular Version Only)

This section explains how to set the related parameters for cellular network.

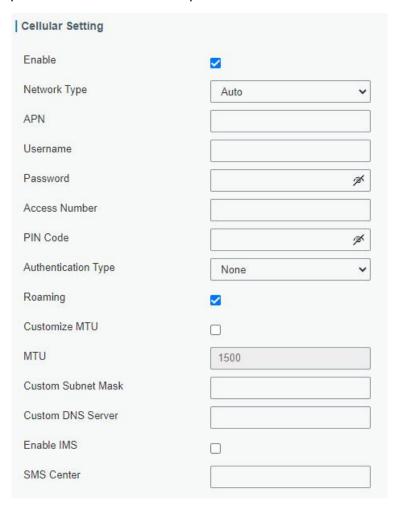


Figure 3-4-1-8

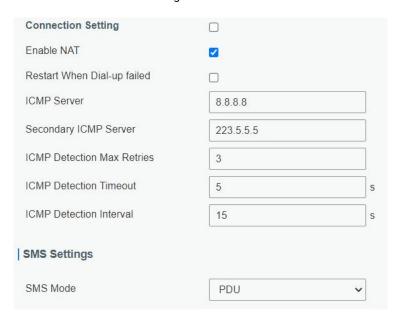


Figure 3-4-1-9



General Settings	
Item	Description
Enable	Check the option to enable cellular feature.
	Select from "Auto", "Auto 3G/4G", "4G Only" and "3G Only".
Network Type	Auto: connect to the network with the strongest signal automatically.
Network Type	4G Only: connect to 4G network only.
	And so on.
APN	Enter the Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection provided by
	local ISP.
Username	Enter the username for cellular dial-up connection provided by local ISP.
Password	Enter the password for cellular dial-up connection provided by local ISP.
Access Number	Enter the dial-up center NO. For cellular dial-up connection provided by local ISP.
PIN Code	Enter a 4-8 characters PIN code to unlock the SIM.
Authentication Type	Select from "None", "PAP", "CHAP".
Roaming	Enable or disable roaming.
Customized	Enable or disable to customize the maximum transmission units. When
MTU	disabled, the device will use operator's MTU settings.
MTU	Set the maximum transmission units. Range: 68-1500.
Custom Subnet	Customize the cellular subnet mask. If blank, the device will use the
Mask	subnet mask provided by the cellular base station.
WIGSK	Note: This feature is only supported by parts of cellular modules.
Custom DNS	Customize the cellular DNS server. If blank, the device will use the DNS
Server	server provided by the cellular provider.
Enable IMS	Enable or disable IMS function.
SMS Center	Enter the local SMS center number for storing, forwarding, converting and delivering SMS message.
Enable NAT	Enable or disable NAT function.
Restart When	When this function is enabled, the gateway will restart automatically if the
Dial-up failed	dial-up fails several times.
	Set the ICMP detection server's IP address.
ICMP Server	Note: Please get in touch with the ISP to determine whether ping
	detection is allowed and get the correct ICMP server addresses. If ping
	detection is not allowed, leave this sever address blank.
Secondary ICMP	Set the secondary ICMP detection server's IP address.
Server	,
ICMP Detection	Set max number of retries when ICMP detection fails.
Max Retries	
ICMP Detection	Set timeout of ICMP detection.
Timeout	
ICMP Detection	Set interval of ICMP detection.
Interval	



SMS Mode Select SMS mode from "TEXT" and "PDU".

Table 3-4-1-7 Cellular Parameters

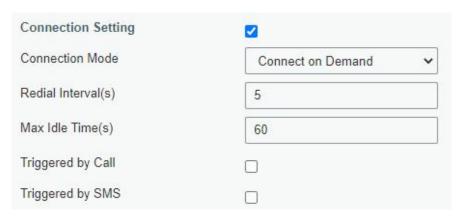


Figure 3-4-1-10

Item	Description
Connection Mode	
Connection Mode	Select from "Always Online" and "Connect on Demand".
Redial Interval(s)	Set the time interval between redials. Range: 0-3600.
Max Idle Time(s)	Set the maximum duration of the gateway when current link is under idle status. Range: 10-3600.
Triggered by Call	The gateway will switch from offline mode to cellular network mode automatically when it receives a call from the specific phone number.
Call Group	Select a call group for call trigger. Go to <b>System &gt; General Settings &gt; Phone</b> to set up phone group.
Triggered by SMS	The gateway will switch from offline mode to cellular network mode automatically when it receives a specific SMS from the specific mobile phone.
SMS Group	Select a SMS group for trigger. Go to <b>System &gt; General Settings &gt; Phone</b> to set up SMS group.
SMS Text	Fill in the SMS content for triggering.

Table 3-4-1-8 Cellular Parameters

#### **Related Topics**

<u>Cellular Connection Application Example</u> <u>Phone Group</u>

#### 3.4.1.4 Loopback

Loopback interface is used for replacing gateway's ID as long as it is activated. When the interface is DOWN, the ID of the gateway has to be selected again which leads to long convergence time of OSPF. Therefore, Loopback interface is generally recommended as the ID of the gateway.

Loopback interface is a logic and virtual interface on gateway. Under default conditions, there's no loopback interface on gateway, but it can be created as required.





Figure 3-4-1-11

Loopback		
Item	Description	Default
IP Address	Unalterable	127.0.0.1
Netmask	Unalterable	255.0.0.0
Multiple IP Addresses	Apart from the IP above, user can configure other IP addresses.	Null

Table 3-4-1-9 Loopback Parameters

#### **3.4.1.5 VLAN Trunk**

UG67 gateway supports the Ethernet port working as VLAN Trunk client and be assigned a VLAN ID, which easy to traffic classification. When VLAN ID is set, port on **Network > Interface > Port** can be chosen as eth0.x with x being VLAN ID. VLAN Setting is blank by

default, you can add a new VLAN label to certain interface by clicking



Figure 3-4-1-12

VLAN Trunk	
Item	Description
Interface	Select the VLAN interface, it's fixed as eth0.
VID	Set the label ID of the VLAN. Range: 1-4094.

Table 3-4-1-10 VLAN Trunk Parameters

#### 3.4.2 Firewall

This section describes how to set the firewall parameters, including website block, ACL, DMZ, Port Mapping and MAC Binding.



The firewall implements corresponding control of data flow at entry direction (from Internet to local area network) and exit direction (from local area network to Internet) according to the content features of packets, such as protocol style, source/destination IP address, etc. It ensures that the gateway operate in a safe environment and host in local area network.

#### 3.4.2.1 Security

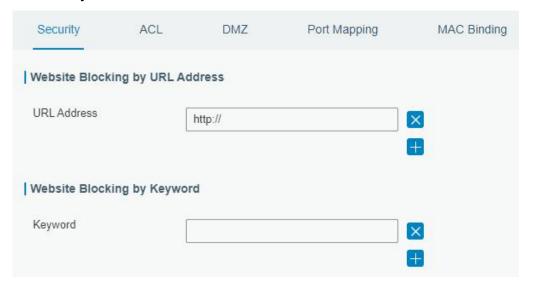


Figure 3-4-2-1

Website Blocking	
URL Address	Enter the HTTP address which you want to block.
Keyword	You can block specific website by entering keyword. The maximum number of character allowed is 64.

Table 3-2-2-1 Security Parameters

#### 3.4.2.2 ACL

Access control list, also called ACL, implements permission or prohibition of access for specified network traffic (such as the source IP address) by configuring a series of matching rules so as to filter the network interface traffic. When gateway receives packet, the field will be analyzed according to the ACL rule applied to the current interface. After the special packet is identified, the permission or prohibition of corresponding packet will be implemented according to preset strategy.

The data package matching rules defined by ACL can also be used by other functions requiring flow distinction.



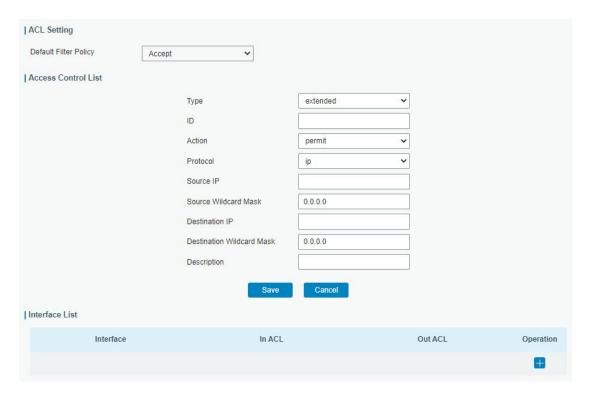


Figure 3-4-2-2

Item	Description
ACL Setting	
Default Filter Policy	Select from "Accept" and "Deny".  The packets which are not included in the access control list will be processed by the default filter policy.
Access Control List	
Туре	Select type from "Extended" and "Standard".
ID	User-defined ACL number. Range: 1-199.
Action	Select from "Permit" and "Deny".
Protocol	Select protocol from "ip", "icmp", "tcp", "udp", and "1-255".
Source IP	Source network address (leaving it blank means all).
Source Wildcard Mask	Wildcard mask of the source network address.
Destination IP	Destination network address (0.0.0.0 means all).
Destination Wildcard Mask	Wildcard mask of destination address.
Description	Fill in a description for the groups with the same ID.
ICMP Type	Enter the type of ICMP packet. Range: 0-255.
ICMP Code	Enter the code of ICMP packet. Range: 0-255.
Source Port Type	Select source port type, such as specified port, port range, etc.
Source Port	Set source port number. Range: 1-65535.
Start Source Port	Set start source port number. Range: 1-65535.
End Source Port	Set end source port number. Range: 1-65535.
Destination Port	Select destination port type, such as specified port, port range,



Туре	etc.
Destination Port	Set destination port number. Range: 1-65535.
Start Destination Port	Set start destination port number. Range: 1-65535.
End Destination Port	Set end destination port number. Range: 1-65535.
More Details	Show information of the port.
Interface List	
Interface	Select network interface for access control.
In ACL	Select a rule for incoming traffic from ACL ID.
Out ACL	Select a rule for outgoing traffic from ACL ID.

Table 3-4-2-2 ACL Parameters

#### 3.4.2.3 DMZ

DMZ is a host within the internal network that has all ports exposed, except those forwarded ports in port mapping.



Figure 3-4-2-3

DMZ	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable DMZ.
DMZ Host	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host on the internal network.
Source Address	Set the source IP address which can access to DMZ host. "0.0.0.0/0" means any address.

Table 3-4-2-3 DMZ Parameters

### 3.4.2.4 Port Mapping (DNAT)

When external services are needed internally (for example, when a website is published ext ernally), the external address initiates an active connection. And, the router or the gateway on the firewall receives the connection. Then it will convert the connection into the an internal connection. This conversion is called DNAT, which is mainly used for external and interval services.

Click to add a new port mapping rules.





Figure 3-4-2-4

Port Mapping	
Item	Description
Source IP	Specify the host or network which can access local IP address. 0.0.0.0/0 means all.
Source Port	Enter the TCP or UDP port from which incoming packets are forwarded. Range: 1-65535.
Destination IP	Enter the IP address that packets are forwarded to after being received on the incoming interface.
Destination Port	Enter the TCP or UDP port that packets are forwarded to after being received on the incoming port(s). Range: 1-65535.
Protocol	Select from "TCP" and "UDP" as your application required.
Description	The description of this rule.

Table 3-4-2-4 Port Mapping Parameters

## **Related Configuration Example**

**NAT Application Example** 

## 3.4.2.5 MAC Binding

MAC Binding is used for specifying hosts by matching MAC addresses and IP addresses that are in the list of allowed outer network access.



Figure 3-4-2-5

MAC Binding List	
Item	Description
MAC Address	Set the binding MAC address.
IP Address	Set the binding IP address.
Description	Fill in a description for convenience of recording the meaning of the binding rule for each piece of MAC-IP.

Table 3-4-2-5 MAC Binding Parameters



### 3.4.3 DHCP

UG67 can be set as a DHCP server to distribute IP address when Wi-Fi work as AP mode.

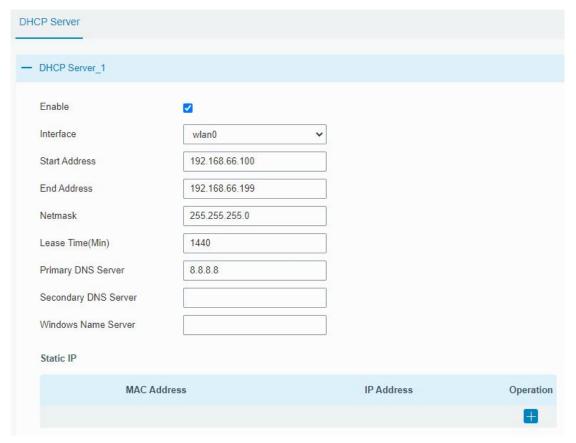


Figure 3-4-3-1

DHCP Server		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Enable or disable DHCP server.	Enable
Interface	Only wlan interface is allowed to distribute IP addresses.	wlan0
Start Address	Define the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.	192.168.1.100
End Address	Define the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.	192.168.1.199
Netmask	Define the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.	255.255.255.0
Lease Time (Min)	Set the lease time on which the client can use the IP address obtained from DHCP server. Range: 1-10080.	1440
Primary DNS Server	Set the primary DNS server.	8.8.8.8
Secondary DNS Server	Set the secondary DNS server.	Null
Windows	Define the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained	Null



Name Server	by DHCP clients from DHCP sever. Generally you can leave it blank.	
Static IP		
MAC Address	Set a static and specific MAC address for the DHCP client (it should be different from other MACs so as to avoid conflict).	Null
IP Address	Set a static and specific IP address for the DHCP client (it should be outside of the DHCP range).	Null

Table 3-4-3-1 DHCP Server Parameters

#### **3.4.4 DDNS**

Dynamic DNS (DDNS) is a method that automatically updates a name server in the Domain Name System, which allows user to alias a dynamic IP address to a static domain name. DDNS serves as a client tool and needs to coordinate with DDNS server. Before starting configuration, user shall register on a website of proper domain name provider and apply for a domain name.



Figure 3-4-4-1

DDNS	
Item	Description
Name	Give the DDNS a descriptive name.
Interface	Set interface bundled with the DDNS.
Service Type	Select the DDNS service provider.
Username	Enter the username for DDNS register.
User ID	Enter User ID of the custom DDNS server.
Password	Enter the password for DDNS register.
Server	Enter the name of DDNS server.
Hostname	Enter the hostname for DDNS.
Append IP	Append your current IP to the DDNS server update path.

Table 3-4-4-1 DDNS Parameters

#### 3.4.5 Link Failover

This section describes how to configure link failover strategies, such as VRRP strategies.

### **Configuration Steps**

- 1. Define one or more SLA operations (ICMP probe).
- 2. Define one or more track objects to track the status of SLA operation.



3. Define applications associated with track objects, such as VRRP or static routing.

#### 3.4.5.1 SLA

SLA setting is used for configuring link probe method. The default probe type is ICMP.



Figure 3-4-5-1

SLA		
Item	Description	Default
ID	SLA index. Up to 10 SLA settings can be added. Range: 1-10.	1
Туре	ICMP-ECHO is the default type to detect if the link is alive.	icmp-echo
Destination Address	The detected IP address.	8.8.8.8
Secondary Destination Address	The secondary detected IP address.	223.5.5.5
Data Size	User-defined data size. Range: 0-1000.	56
Interval (s)	User-defined detection interval. Range: 1-608400.	30
Timeout (ms)	User-defined timeout for response to determine ICMP detection failure. Range: 1-300000.	5000
Packet Loss Count	Define packet loss count in each SLA probe. SLA probe fails when the preset packet loss count is exceeded.	5
Start Time	Detection start time; select from "Now" and blank character. Blank character means this SLA detection doesn't start.	now

Table 3-4-5-1 SLA Parameters

#### 3.4.5.2 Track

Track setting is designed for achieving linkage among SLA module, Track module and Application module. Track setting is located between application module and SLA module with main function of shielding the differences of various SLA modules and providing unified interfaces for application module.

#### Linkage between Track Module and SLA module

Once you complete the configuration, the linkage relationship between Track module and SLA module will be established. SLA module is used for detection of link status, network performance and notification of Track module. The detection results help track status



change timely.

- For successful detection, the corresponding track item is Positive.
- For failed detection, the corresponding track item is Negative.

#### Linkage between Track Module and Application Module

After configuration, the linkage relationship between Track module and Application module will be established. When any change occurs in track item, a notification that requires corresponding treatment will be sent to Application module.

Currently, the application modules like VRRP and static routing can get linkage with track module.

If it sends an instant notification to Application module, the communication may be interrupted in some circumstances due to routing's failure like timely restoration or other reasons. Therefore, user can set up a period of time to delay notifying application module when the track item status changes.



Figure 3-4-5-2

Item	Description	Default
Index	Track index. Up to 10 track settings can be configured. Range: 1-10.	1
Туре	The options are "sla" and "interface".	SLA
SLA ID	Defined SLA ID.	1
Interface	Select the interface whose status will be detected.	cellular0
Negative Delay (s)	When interface is down or SLA probing fails, it will wait according to the time set here before actually changing its status to Down. Range: 0-180 (0 refers to immediate switching).	0
Positive Delay (s)	When failure recovery occurs, it will wait according to the time set here before actually changing its status to Up. Range: 0-180 (0 refers to immediate switching).	1

Table 3-4-5-2 Track Parameters

#### 3.4.5.3 WAN Failover

WAN failover refers to failover between Ethernet WAN interface and cellular interface. When service transmission can't be carried out normally due to malfunction of a certain



interface or lack of bandwidth, the rate of flow can be switched to backup interface quickly. Then the backup interface will carry out service transmission and share network flow so as to improve reliability of communication of data equipment.

When link state of main interface is switched from up to down, system will have the pre-set delay works instead of switching to link of backup interface immediately. Only if the state of main interface is still down after delay, will the system switch to link of backup interface. Otherwise, system will remain unchanged.

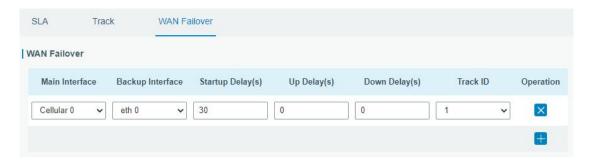


Figure 3-4-5-3

WAN Failover		
Parameters	Description	Default
Main Interface	Select a link interface as the main link.	
Backup Interface	Select a link interface as the backup link.	
Startup Delay (s)	Set how long to wait for the startup tracking detection policy to take effect. Range: 0-300.	30
Up Delay (s)	When the primary interface switches from failed detection to successful detection, switching can be delayed based on the set time. Range: 0-180 (0 refers to immediate switching)	0
Down Delay (s)	When the primary interface switches from successful detection to failed detection, switching can be delayed based on the set time. Range: 0-180 (0 refers to immediate switching).	0
Track ID	Track detection, select the defined track ID.	

Table 3-4-5-3 WAN Failover Parameters

#### 3.4.6 VPN

Virtual Private Networks, also called VPNs, are used to securely connect two private networks together so that devices can connect from one network to the other network via secure channels.

UG67 supports DMVPN, IPsec, GRE, L2TP, PPTP, OpenVPN, as well as GRE over IPsec and L2TP over IPsec.

### 3.4.6.1 DMVPN

A dynamic multi-point virtual private network (DMVPN), combining mGRE and IPsec, is a secure network that exchanges data between sites without passing traffic through an organization's headquarter VPN server or gateway.



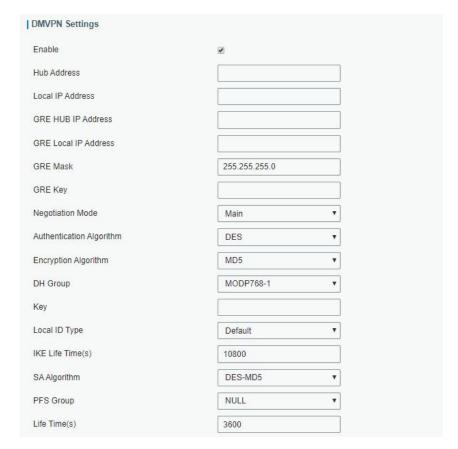


Figure 3-4-6-1



Figure 3-4-6-2

DMVPN	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable DMVPN.
Hub Address	The IP address or domain name of DMVPN Hub.
Local IP address	DMVPN local tunnel IP address.
GRE Hub IP Address	GRE Hub tunnel IP address.
GRE Local IP Address	GRE local tunnel IP address.
GRE Netmask	GRE local tunnel netmask.
GRE Key	GRE tunnel key.
Negotiation Mode	Select from "Main" and "Aggressive".
Authentication	Select from "DES", "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and
Algorithm	"AES256".
Encryption Algorithm	Select from "MD5" and "SHA1".
DH Group	Select from "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and
Di i Gioup	"MODP1536_5".
Key	Enter the preshared key.

Local ID Type	Select from "Default", "ID", "FQDN", and "User FQDN"
IKE Life Time (s)	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Range: 60-86400.
SA Algorithm	Select from "DES_MD5", "DES_SHA1", "3DES_MD5", "3DES_SHA1", "AES128_MD5", "AES128_SHA1", "AES192_MD5", "AES192_SHA1", "AES256_MD5" and "AES256_SHA1".
PFS Group	Select from "NULL", "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536-5".
Life Time (s)	Set the lifetime of IPsec SA. Range: 60-86400.
DPD Interval Time (s)	Set DPD interval time
DPD Timeout (s)	Set DPD timeout.
Cisco Secret	Cisco Nhrp key.
NHRP Holdtime (s)	The holdtime of Nhrp protocol.

Table 3-4-6-1 DMVPN Parameters

#### 3.4.6.2 IPSec

IPsec is especially useful for implementing virtual private networks and for remote user access through dial-up connection to private networks. A big advantage of IPsec is that security arrangements can be handled without requiring changes to individual user computers.

IPsec provides three choices of security service: Authentication Header (AH), Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP), and Internet Key Exchange (IKE). AH essentially allows authentication of the senders' data. ESP supports both authentication of the sender and data encryption. IKE is used for cipher code exchange. All of them can protect one and more data flows between hosts, between host and gateway, and between gateways.

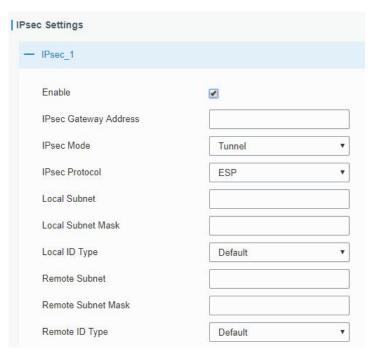


Figure 3-4-6-3

**IPsec** 



Item	Description
Enable	Enable IPsec tunnel. A maximum of 3 tunnels is allowed.
IPsec Gateway Address	Enter the IP address or domain name of remote IPsec server.
IPsec Mode	Select from "Tunnel" and "Transport".
IPsec Protocol	Select from "ESP" and "AH".
Local Subnet	Enter the local subnet IP address that IPsec protects.
Local Subnet Netmask	Enter the local netmask that IPsec protects.
Local ID Type	Select from "Default", "ID", "FQDN", and "User FQDN".
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet IP address that IPsec protects.
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter the remote netmask that IPsec protects.
Remote ID type	Select from "Default", "ID", "FQDN", and "User FQDN".

Table 3-4-6-2 IPsec Parameters

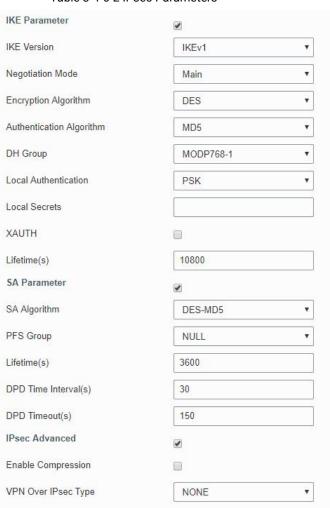


Figure 3-4-6-4

IKE Parameter	
Item	Description
IKE Version	Select from "IKEv1" and "IKEv2".
Negotiation Mode	Select from "Main" and "Aggressive".
Encryption Algorithm	Select from "DES", "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256".

Authentication

Algorithm	Select from "MD5" and " SHA1"	
DH Group	Select from "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5".	
Local Authentication	Select from "PSK" and "CA".	
Local Secrets	Enter the preshared key.	
XAUTH	Enter XAUTH username and password after XAUTH is enabled.	
Lifetime (s)	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Range: 60-86400.	
SA Parameter		
	Select from "DES_MD5", "DES_SHA1", "3DES_MD5",	
SA Algorithm	"3DES_SHA1", "AES128_MD5", "AES128_SHA1", "AES192_MD5",	
	"AES192_SHA1", "AES256_MD5" and "AES256_SHA1".	
PFS Group	Select from "NULL", "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and	
тто огоар	"MODP1536_5".	
Lifetime (s)	Set the lifetime of IPsec SA. Range: 60-86400.	
DPD Interval Time(s)	Set DPD interval time to detect if the remote side fails.	
DPD Timeout(s)	Set DPD timeout. Range: 10-3600.	
IPsec Advanced		
<b>Enable Compression</b>	The head of IP packet will be compressed after it's enabled.	
VPN Over IPsec Type	Select from "NONE", "GRE" and "L2TP" to enable VPN over IPsec function.	

Table 3-4-6-3 IPsec Parameters

#### 3.4.6.3 GRE

Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) is a protocol that encapsulates packets in order to route other protocols over IP networks. It's a tunneling technology that provides a channel through which encapsulated data message can be transmitted and encapsulation and decapsulation can be realized at both ends.

In the following circumstances the GRE tunnel transmission can be applied:

- GRE tunnel can transmit multicast data packets as if it were a true network interface. Single use of IPSec cannot achieve the encryption of multicast.
- A certain protocol adopted cannot be routed.
- A network of different IP addresses shall be required to connect other two similar networks.

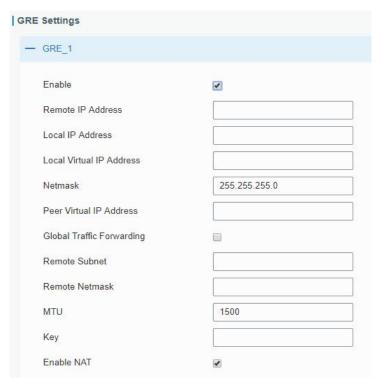


Figure 3-4-6-5

GRE	
Item	Description
Enable	Check to enable GRE function.
Remote IP Address	Enter the real remote IP address of GRE tunnel.
Local IP Address	Set the local IP address.
Local Virtual IP	Set the local tunnel IP address of GRE tunnel.
Address	Set the local turner in address of GIVE turner.
Netmask	Set the local netmask.
Peer Virtual IP Address	Enter remote tunnel IP address of GRE tunnel.
Global Traffic	All the data traffic will be sent out via GRE tunnel when this
Forwarding	function is enabled.
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet IP address of GRE tunnel.
Remote Netmask	Enter the remote netmask of GRE tunnel.
MTU	Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 64-1500.
Key	Set GRE tunnel key.
Enable NAT	Enable NAT traversal function.

Table 3-4-6-4 GRE Parameters

#### 3.4.6.4 L2TP

Layer Two Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) is an extension of the Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) used by an Internet service provider (ISP) to enable the operation of a virtual private network (VPN) over the Internet.



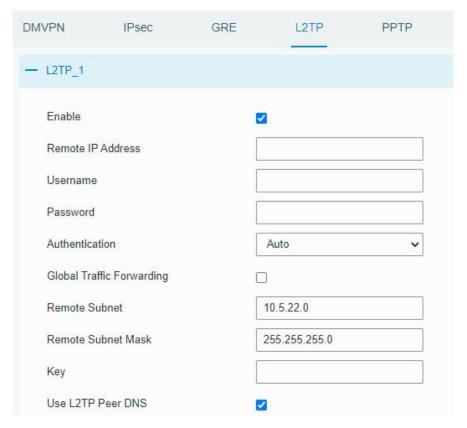


Figure 3-4-6-6

L2TP	
Item	Description
Enable	Check to enable L2TP function.
Remote IP Address	Enter the public IP address or domain name of L2TP server.
Username	Enter the username that L2TP server provides.
Password	Enter the password that L2TP server provides.
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAPv1" and
Authentication	"MS-CHAPv2".
Global Traffic	All of the data traffic will be sent out via L2TP tunnel after
Forwarding	this function is enabled.
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote IP address that L2TP protects.
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter the remote netmask that L2TP protects.
Key	Enter the password of L2TP tunnel.
Use L2TP Peer DNS	Enable to use the DNS address of peer L2TP server .

Table 3-4-6-5 L2TP Parameters



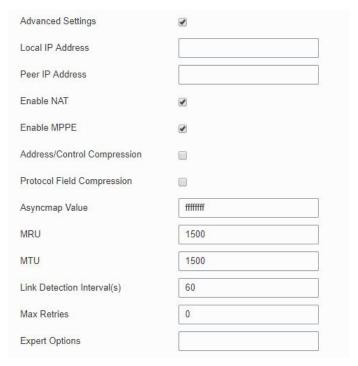


Figure 3-4-6-7

Advanced Settings		
Item	Description	
Local IP Address	Set tunnel IP address of L2TP client. Client will obtain tunnel IP address automatically from the server when it's null.	
Peer IP Address	Enter tunnel IP address of L2TP server.	
Enable NAT	Enable NAT traversal function.	
Enable MPPE	Enable MPPE encryption.	
Address/Control Compression	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.	
Protocol Field Compression	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.	
Asyncmap Value	One of the PPP protocol initialization strings. User can keep the default value. Range: 0-ffffffff.	
MRU	Set the maximum receive unit. Range: 64-1500.	
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit. Range: 128-1500	
Link Detection Interval (s)	Set the link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. Range: 0-600.	
Max Retries	Set the maximum times of retry to detect the L2TP connection failure. Range: 0-10.	
Expert Options	User can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with blank space.	

Table 3-4-6-6 L2TP Parameters



### 3.4.6.5 PPTP

Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) is a protocol that allows corporations to extend their own corporate network through private "tunnels" over the public Internet. Effectively, a corporation uses a wide-area network as a single large local area network.

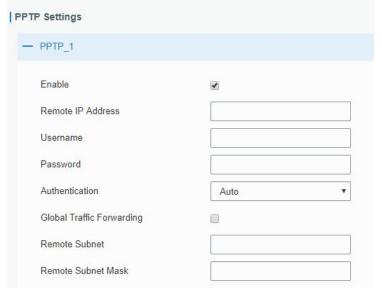


Figure 3-4-6-8

PPTP	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable PPTP client. A maximum of 3 tunnels is allowed.
Remote IP Address	Enter the public IP address or domain name of PPTP server.
Username	Enter the username that PPTP server provides.
Password	Enter the password that PPTP server provides.
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAPv1", and
Authentication	"MS-CHAPv2".
Global Traffic	All of the data traffic will be sent out via PPTP tunnel once
Forwarding	enable this function.
Remote Subnet	Set the peer subnet of PPTP.
Remote Subnet	Set the netmask of peer PPTP server.
Mask	Set the hethask of peer FFTF server.

Table 3-4-6-7 PPTP Parameters

Advanced Settings	Ø
Local IP Address	
Peer IP Address	
Enable NAT	Ø
Enable MPPE	Ø
Address/Control Compression	0
Protocol Field Compression	0
Asyncmap Value	fiffifff
MRU	1500
MTU	1500
Link Detection Interval(s)	60
Max Retries	0
Expert Options	

Figure 3-4-6-9

PPTP Advanced Settings	
Item	Description
Local IP Address	Set IP address of PPTP client.
Peer IP Address	Enter tunnel IP address of PPTP server.
Enable NAT	Enable the NAT faction of PPTP.
Enable MPPE	Enable MPPE encryption.
Address/Control Compression	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.
Protocol Field Compression	For PPP initialization. User can keep the default option.
Asyncmap Value	One of the PPP protocol initialization strings. User can keep the default value. Range: 0-ffffffff.
MRU	Enter the maximum receive unit. Range: 64-1500.
MTU	Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 128-1500.
Link Detection Interval (s)	Set the link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. Range: 0-600.
Max Retries	Set the maximum times of retrying to detect the PPTP connection failure. Range: 0-10.
Expert Options	User can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field and separate the strings with blank space.

Table 3-4-6-8 PPTP Parameters

# 3.4.6.6 OpenVPN Client

OpenVPN is an open source virtual private network (VPN) product that offers a simplified security framework, modular network design, and cross-platform portability. UG67



supports running at most 3 OpenVPN clients at the same time. You can import the ovpn file directly or configure the parameters on this page to set clients.



Figure 3-4-6-10

OpenVPN	l Client - File Configuration
Item	Description
Browse	Click to browse the client configuration ovpn format file including the settings and certificate contents. Please refer to the client configuration file according to sample: <a href="client.conf">client.conf</a>
Edit	Click to edit the imported file.
Export	Export the server configuration file.
Delete	Click to delete the configuration file.

Table 3-4-6-9 OpenVPN Client Parameters

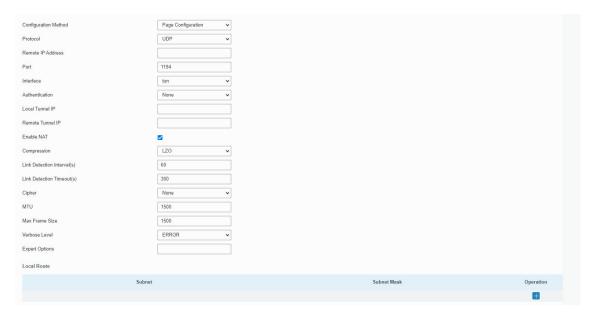


Figure 3-4-6-11

OpenVPN Client - Page Configuration	
Item	Description
Protocol	Select a transport protocol used by connecting UDP and TCP.
Remote IP Address	Enter remote OpenVPN server's IP address or domain name.
Port	Enter the TCP/UCP service number of remote OpenVPN server. Range: 1-65535.
Interface	Select virtual VPN network interface type from TUN and TAP. TUN



	devices encapsulate IPv4 or IPv6 (OSI Layer 3) while TAP devices
	encapsulate Ethernet 802.3 (OSI Layer 2).
	Select authentication type used to secure data sessions.
	<b>Pre-shared:</b> use the same secret key as server to complete the
	authentication. After selecting, go to <b>Network &gt; VPN &gt; Certifications</b> page
Authentication Type	to import a static.key to <b>PSK</b> field.
	Username/Password: use username/password which is preset in server
	side to complete the authentication.
	<b>X.509 cert:</b> use X.509 type certificate to complete the authentication.
	After selecting, go to <b>Network &gt; VPN &gt; Certifications</b> page to import CA
	certificate, client certificate and client private key to corresponding fields.
	X.509 cert + user: use both username/password and X.509 cert
	authentication type.
Local Virtual IP	Set local tunnel address when authentication type is <b>None</b> or <b>Pre-shared</b> .
Remote Virtual IP	Set remote tunnel address when authentication type is <b>None</b> or
Remote virtual ir	Pre-shared.
Global Traffic	All the data traffic will be sent out via OpenVPN tunnel when this function
Forwarding	is enabled.
	Disable or enable TLS authentication when authentication type is X.509
	cert. After being enabled, go to <b>Network &gt; VPN &gt; Certifications</b> page to
Enable TLS	import a ta.key to <b>TA</b> field.
Authentication	Note: this option only supports tls-auth. For tls-crypt, please add this
	format string on expert option: tls-crypt
	/etc/openvpn/openvpn-client1-ta.key
Compression	Select to enable or disable LZO to compress data.
Link Detection Interval	Set link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. If this is set
	on both server and client, the value pushed from server will override the
(s)	client local values. Range: 10-1800 s.
Link Detection	OpenVPN will be reestablished after timeout. If this is set on both server
	and client, the value pushed from server will override the client local
Timeout (s)	values. Range: 60-3600 s.
Ciphor	Select from NONE, BF-CBC, DES-CBC, DES-EDE3-CBC, AES-128-CBC,
Cipher	AES-192-CBC and AES-256-CBC.
MTU	Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 128-1500.
Max Frame Size	Set the maximum frame size. Range: 128-1500.
Verbose Level	Select from ERROR, WARING, NOTICE and DEBUG.
	User can enter some initialization strings in this field and separate the
Expert Options	strings with semicolon.
	Example: ncp-ciphers AES-128-GCM; key direction 1
Local Route	
Subnet	Set the local route's IP address.
Subnet Mask	Set the local route's netmask.

Table 3-4-6-10 OpenVPN Client Parameters



# 3.4.6.7 OpenVPN Server

UG67 supports OpenVPN server to create secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations and remote access facilities. You can import the ovpn file directly or configure the parameters on this page to set this server.

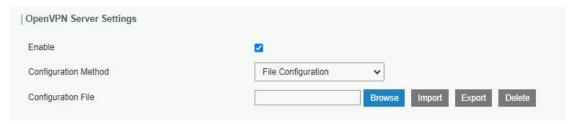


Figure 3-4-6-12

OpenVPN S	OpenVPN Server - File Configuration	
Item	Description	
Browse	Click to browse the server configuration ovpn format file including the settings and certificate contents. Please refer to the server configuration file according to sample: <a href="mailto:server.conf">server.conf</a>	
Edit	Click to edit the imported file.	
Export	Export the server configuration file.	
Delete	Click to delete the configuration file.	

Table 3-4-6-11 OpenVPN Server Parameters

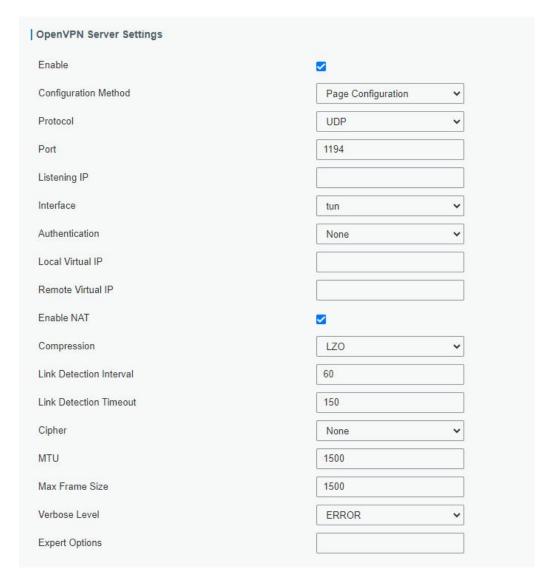


Figure 3-4-6-13



Figure 3-4-6-14

OpenVPN Server - Page Configuration	
Item	Description
Protocol	Select a transport protocol used by connection from UDP and TCP.
Listening IP	Enter the local hostname or IP address for bind. If left blank, OpenVPN server will bind to all interfaces.
Port	Enter the TCP/UCP service number for OpenVPN client connection. Range: 1-65535.



Interface	Select virtual VPN network interface type from TUN and TAP. TUN devices encapsulate IPv4 or IPv6 (OSI Layer 3) while TAP devices
	encapsulate Ethernet 802.3 (OSI Layer 2).
	Select authentication type used to secure data sessions.
	Pre-shared: use the same secret key as server to complete the
	authentication. After select, go to <b>Network &gt; VPN &gt; Certifications</b> page to
	import a static.key to <b>PSK</b> field.
	Username/Password: use username/password which is preset in server
Authentication Type	side to complete the authentication.
	<b>X.509 cert:</b> use X.509 type certificate to complete the authentication.
	After select, go to <b>Network &gt; VPN &gt; Certifications</b> page to import CA
	certificate, client certificate and client private key to corresponding fields.
	X.509 cert + user: use both username/password and X.509 cert
	authentication type.
Local Virtual IP	Set local tunnel address when authentication type is <b>None</b> or <b>Pre-shared</b> .
	Set remote tunnel address when authentication type is <b>None</b> or
Remote Virtual IP	Pre-shared.
Client Subnet	Define an IP address pool for openVPN client.
Client Netmask	Set the client subnet netmask to limit the IP address range.
Renegotiation Interval	Renegotiate data channel key after this interval. 0 means disable.
	Limit server to a maximum of concurrent clients, range: 1-20.
Max Clients	Note: please adjust log severity to Info if you need to connect many
Wax onemo	clients.
Enable CRL	Enable or disable CRL verify.
Enable Client to Client	When enabled, openVPN clients can communicate with each other.
	Allow multiple clients to connect with the same common name or
Enable Dup Client	certification.
	Disable or enable TLS authentication when authentication type is X.509
	cert. After being enabled, go to <b>Network &gt; VPN &gt; Certifications</b> page to
Enable TLS	import a ta.key to <b>TA</b> field.
Authentication	Note: this option only supports tls-auth. For tls-crypt, please add this
	format string on expert option: tls-crypt
	/etc/openvpn/openvpn-client1-ta.key
Compression	Select to enable or disable LZO to compress data.
•	Set link detection interval time to ensure tunnel connection. If this is set
Link Detection Interval	on both server and client, the value pushed from server will override the
(s)	client local values. Range: 10-1800 s.
	OpenVPN will be reestablished after timeout. If this is set on both server
Link Detection	and client, the value pushed from server will override the client local
Timeout (s)	values. Range: 60-3600 s.
	Select from NONE, BF-CBC, DES-CBC, DES-EDE3-CBC, AES-128-CBC,
Cipher	AES-192-CBC and AES-256-CBC.
MTU	Enter the maximum transmission unit. Range: 64-1500.
Max Frame Size	-
iviax Frame Size	Set the maximum frame size. Range: 64-1500.



Verbose Level	Select from ERROR, WARING, NOTICE and DEBUG.
	User can enter some initialization strings in this field and separate the
Expert Options	strings with semicolon.
	Example: ncp-ciphers AES-128-GCM; key direction 1
Account	
Username & Password	Set username and password for OpenVPN client when authentication type
Osemanie & Password	is username/password.
Local Route	
Subnet	Set the local route's IP address.
	Set the local route's IP address. Set the local route's netmask.
Subnet	
Subnet Subnet Mask	
Subnet Subnet Mask Client Subnet	Set the local route's netmask.

Table 3-4-6-12 OpenVPN Server Parameters

#### 3.4.6.8 Certifications

When working as OpenVPN server, OpenVPN client or IPsec Server, user can import/export necessary certificate and key files to this page according to the authentication types.



Figure 3-4-6-15

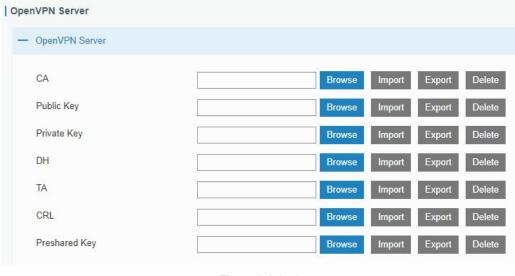


Figure 3-4-6-16



Figure 3-4-6-17

#### 3.4.6.9 WireGuard

WireGuard is an extremely simple yet fast and modern VPN that utilizes state-of-the-art cry ptography. WireGuard passes traffic over UDP protocol.

WireGuard_1				
Enable	<b>&gt;</b>			
Interface	wg0			
Customized Private Key				
Private Key		*		
Public Key	F8xRHUqMQ0fgJTw4V4M7	gvn		
IP Address				
Listening Port				
DNS				
MTU				
Peer	Public Key	Allowed IP	Endpoint Address	Operation
				•



Figure 3-4-6-18

WireGuard		
Item	Description	
Enable	Enable WireGuard interface. A maximum of 3 WireGaurd interfaces	
	is allowed.	
Interface	Show the WireGuard interface name.	
Customized Private	Enable or disable to customize the private key of this WireGuard	
Key	interface. If disabled, the client will use the private key generated by	
Ney	this router.	
Public Key	Show the public key generated by the private key.	
IP Address	Set the local virtual IP address and netmask. Example: 10.8.0.2/24	
Listening Port	Set the port to send or receive WireGuard packets. The port	
Listering Fort	numbers of different WireGuard interfaces should be different.	
	Set the DNS server address of this WireGuard interface. If left blank,	
DNS	the router will use DNS server address of common network	
	interfaces (WAN, cellular, etc.).	
MTU	Set the maximum transmission unit of this WireGuard interface. If	
	left blank, the router will use MTU of common network interfaces	
	(WAN, cellular, etc.).	
Peer Table	Click "+" to add WireGuard peers of this WireGuard interface. One	
reei labie	WireGuard interface can add 20 peers at most.	

Table 3-4-6-13 WireGuard Parameters

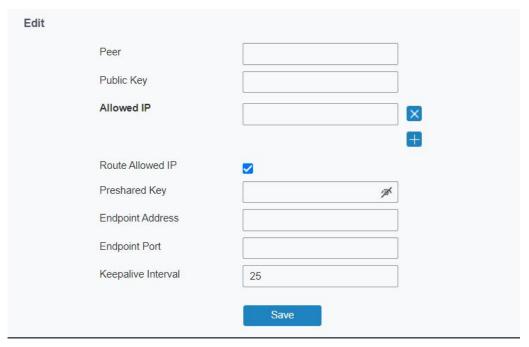


Figure 3-4-6-19

WireGuard-Peer	
Item	Description
Peer	Set a WireGuard peer name. This name should be unique in this



	WireGuard client.
Public Key	Set the public key of WireGuard peer server/client.
Allowed IP	Set the real IP address and netmask of WireGuard peer's LAN
	network. Example: 192.168.1.0/24
	One WireGuard peer supports to add 8 allowed IP addresses.
Route Allowed IP	Enable or disable to add static routings of allowed IP addresses.
Preshared Key	Set the presahred key and both this interface and peer interface
	should set the same key value.
Endpoint Address	Set IP address or domain name of WireGuard peer server/client.
Endpoint Port	Set the destination port of WireGuard peer server/client.
Keepalive Interval	After the connection is established, this WireGuard interface will
	send heartbeat packet regularly to keep alive. 0 means disabled.

Table 3-4-6-13 WireGuard-Peer Parameters

# 3.5 System

This section describes how to configure general settings, such as administration account, access service, system time, common user management, SNMP, event alarms, etc.

# 3.5.1 General Settings

#### 3.5.1.1 General

General settings include system info, access service and HTTPS certificates.

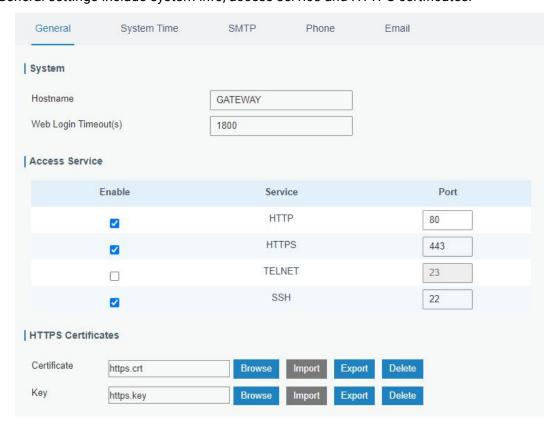


Figure 3-5-1-1



General			
Item	Description	Default	
System			
Hostname	User-defined gateway name, needs to start with a letter.	GATEWAY	
Web Login	You need to log in again if it times out. Range: 100-3600.	1800	
Timeout (s)	Tou need to log in again in it times out. Range. 100-3000.	1000	
Access Service	ce control of the con		
Port	Set port number of the services. Range: 1-65535.		
HTTP	Users can log in the device locally via HTTP to access	80	
11111	and control it through Web after the option is checked.	00	
	Users can log in the device locally and remotely via		
HTTPS	HTTPS to access and control it through Web after	443	
	option is checked.		
	Users can log in the device locally and remotely via		
TELNET	TELNET to access and control it through Web after	23	
	option is checked.		
SSH	Users can log in the device locally and remotely via SSH	22	
0011	after the option is checked.		
HTTPS Certif	icates		
	Click "Browse" button, choose certificate file on the PC,		
Certificate	and then click "Import" button to upload the file into		
Certificate	gateway. Click "Export" button will export the file to the		
	PC. Click "Delete" button will delete the file.		
	Click "Browse" button, choose key file on the PC, and		
Key	then click "Import" button to upload the file into gateway.		
	Click "Export" button will export file to the PC.		
	Click "Delete" button will delete the file.		

Table 3-5-1-1 General Setting Parameters

# 3.5.1.2 System Time

This section explains how to set the system time including time zone and time synchronization type.

Note: to ensure that the gateway runs with the correct time, it's recommended that you set the system time when configuring the gateway.

System Time Settings		
Current Time	2019-06-12 20:34:32 We	ed
Time Zone	8 China (Beijing)	•
Sync Type	Sync with Browser	•
Browser Time	2019-06-12 20:34:32 We	ed



Figure 3-5-1-2

System Time		
Item	Description	
Current Time	Show the current system time.	
Time Zone	Click the drop down list to select the time zone you are in.	
Sync Type	Click the drop down list to select the time synchronization type.  Sync with Browser: Synchronize time with browser.  Sync with NTP Server: Synchronize time with NTP Server.	
	Set up Manually: configure the time manually.	
Sync with NTP Server		
NTP Server Address	Set NTP server address (domain name/IP).	
Enable NTP Server	After checked, NTP client on the network can achieve time synchronization with gateway.	

Table 3-5-1-2 System Time Parameters

#### 3.5.1.3 SMTP

SMTP, short for Simple Mail Transfer Protocol, is a TCP/IP protocol used in sending and receiving e-mail. This section describes how to configure email settings.

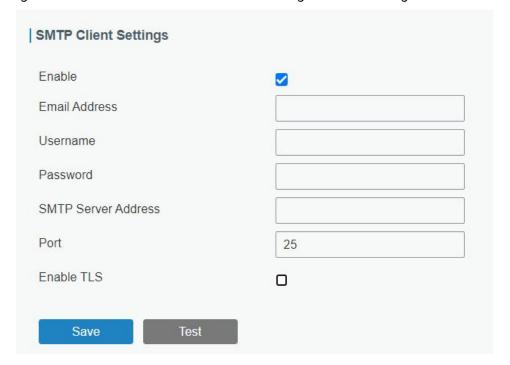


Figure 3-5-1-3

SMTP	
Item	Description
SMTP Client Settings	
Enable	Enable or disable SMTP client function.
Email Address	Enter the sender's email address.



Username	Enter the sender's email username.
Password	Enter the sender's email password.
SMTP Server Address	Enter SMTP server's domain name.
Port	Enter SMTP server port. Range: 1-65535.
Enable TLS	Enable or disable TLS encryption.

Table 3-5-1-3 SMTP Setting

# **Related Topics**

**Events Setting** 

#### 3.5.1.4 Phone

Phone settings involve in call/SMS trigger and SMS alarm for events. This is only applied to gateway with cellular feature.



Figure 3-5-1-4

Phone		
Item	Description	
Phone Number List		
Name	Set phone group name.	
Number	Enter the telephone number. Digits, "+" and "-" are allowed. You can	
	divide multiple numbers by ";".	

Table 3-5-1-4 Phone Settings

# **Related Topic**

**Connect on Demand** 

### 3.5.1.5 Email

Email settings involve email alarm for events.





Figure 3-5-1-5

Email	
Item	Description
Email List	
Name	Set Email group name.
Email Address	Enter the Email address. You can divide multiple Email addresses by ";".

Table 3-5-1-5 Email Settings

### 3.5.2 User Management

#### 3.5.2.1 Account

Here you can change the login username and password of the administrator.

Note: it is strongly recommended that you modify them for the sake of security.

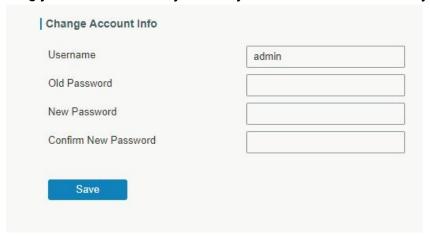


Figure 3-5-2-1

Account		
Item	Description	
Username	Enter a new username. You can use characters such as a-z, 0-9, "_", "-". The first character can't be a digit.	
Old Password	Enter the old password.	
New Password	Enter a new password. You can use any ASCII characters except blank.	
Confirm New Password	Enter the new password again.	

Table 3-5-2-1 Account Information

### 3.5.2.2 User Management

This section describes how to create common user accounts.

The common user permission includes Read-Only and Read-Write.





Figure 3-5-2-2

User Management	
Item	Description
Username	Enter a new username. You can use characters such as a-z, 0-9, "_", "-". The first character can't be a digit.
Password	Set password. You can use any ASCII characters except blank.
Permission	<ul> <li>Select user permission from "Read-Only" and "Read-Write".</li> <li>Read-Only: users can only view the configuration of gateway in this level.</li> <li>Read-Write: users can view and set the configuration of gateway in this level.</li> </ul>

Table 3-5-2-2 User Management

#### 3.5.3 SNMP

SNMP is widely used in network management for network monitoring. SNMP exposes management data with variables form in managed system. The system is organized in a management information base (MIB) which describes the system status and configuration. These variables can be remotely queried by managing applications.

Configuring SNMP in networking, NMS, and a management program of SNMP should be set up at the Manager.

Configuration steps are listed as below for achieving query from NMS:

- 1. Enable SNMP setting.
- 2. Download MIB file and load it into NMS.
- 3. Configure MIB View.
- 4. Configure VCAM.

#### 3.5.3.1 SNMP

UG67 supports SNMPv1, SNMPv2c and SNMPv3 version. SNMPv1 and SNMPv2c employ community name authentication. SNMPv3 employs authentication encryption by username and password.



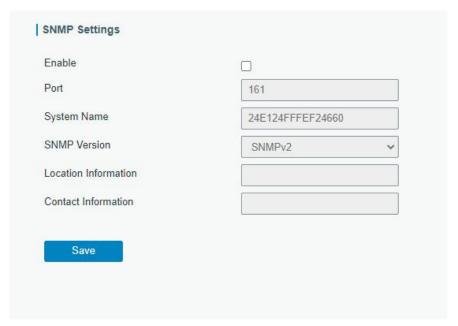


Figure 3-5-3-1

SNMP Settings	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable SNMP function.
D4	Set SNMP listened port. Range: 1-65535.
Port	The default port is 161.
System Name	Fill in the system name to represent the gateway.
SNMP Version	Select SNMP version; support SNMP v1/v2c/v3.
Location Information	Fill in the location information.
Contact Information	Fill in the contact information.

Table 3-5-3-1 SNMP Parameters

#### 3.5.3.2 MIB View

This section explains how to configure MIB view for the objects.



Figure 3-5-3-2

MIB View	
Item	Description
View Name	Set MIB view's name.



View Filter	Select from "Included" and "Excluded".
View OID	Enter the OID number.
Included	You can query all nodes within the specified MIB node.
Excluded	You can query all nodes except for the specified MIB node.

Table 3-5-3-2 MIB View Parameters

#### 3.5.3.3 VACM

This section describes how to configure VCAM parameters.



Figure 3-5-3-3

VACM			
Item	Description		
SNMP v1 & v2 Us	er List		
Community	Set the community name.		
Permission	Select from "Read-Only" and "Read-Write".		
MIB View	Select an MIB view to set permissions from the MIB view list.		
Network	The IP address and bits of the external network accessing the MIB view.		
Read-Write	The permission of the specified MIB node is read and write.		
Read-Only	The permission of the specified MIB node is read only.		
SNMP v3 User Lis	SNMP v3 User List		
Group Name	Set the name of SNMPv3 group.		
Security Level	Select from "NoAuth/NoPriv", "Auth/NoPriv", and " Auth/Priv".		
Read-Only View	Select an MIB view to set permission as "Read-only" from the MIB view		
	list.		
Read-Write View	Select an MIB view to set permission as "Read-write" from the MIB view		
	list.		
Inform View	Select an MIB view to set permission as "Inform" from the MIB view list.		

Table 3-5-3-3 VACM Parameters

# 3.5.3.4 Trap

This section explains how to enable network monitoring by SNMP trap.





Figure 3-5-3-4

SNMP Trap	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable SNMP Trap function.
SNMP Version	Select SNMP version; support SNMP v1/v2c/v3.
Server Address	Fill in NMS's IP address or domain name.
Port	Fill in UDP port. Port range is 1-65535. The default port is 162.
Name	Fill in the group name when using SNMP v1/v2c; fill in the username when using SNMP v3.
Auth/Priv Mode	Select from "NoAuth & No Priv", "Auth & NoPriv", and "Auth & Priv".

Table 3-5-3-4 Trap Parameters

### 3.5.3.5 MIB

This section describes how to download MIB files.

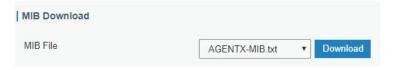


Figure 3-5-3-5

MIB	
Item	Description
MIB File	Select the MIB file you need.
Download	Click "Download" button to download the MIB file to PC.

Table 3-5-3-5 MIB Download

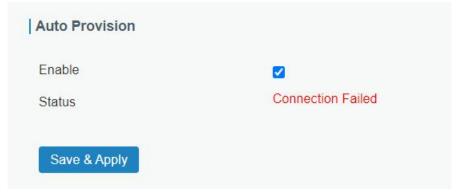
### 3.5.4 Device Management

#### 3.5.4.1 Auto Provision

Users can customize and select the configuration profile from Milesight Development Platform. When Auto Provision is enabled and the device is connected to Internet, the device will receive the profile to achieve initial configuration. This feature will work even the



device does not configure to connect Milesight Development Platform.



# 3.5.4.2 Management Platform

You can connect the device to the DeviceHub or Milesight Development Platform on this page so as to manage the gateway centrally and remotely.

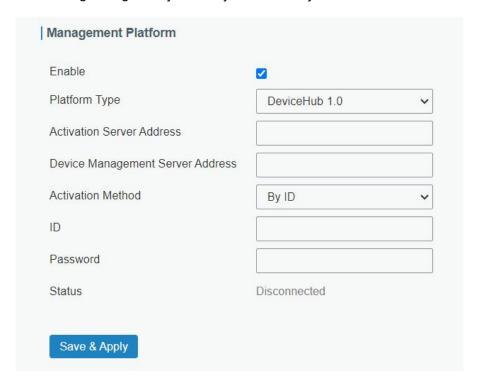


Figure 3-5-5-1

Management Platform	
Item	Description
Enable	Enable or disable to connect gateway to management platform.
Platform Type	Milesight DeviceHub 1.0, Milesight DeviceHub 2.0 or Milesight Development Platform is optional.
Status	Show the connection status between the gateway and the management platform.
DeviceHub 1.0	
Activation Server Address	IP address or domain of the DeviceHub.
DeviceHub	The URL address for the device to connect to the DeviceHub,



Management Address	e.g. http://220.82.63.79:8080/acs.
Activation Method	Select activation method to connect the gateway to the
	DeviceHub server, options are "By Authentication ID" and "By ID".
Authentication Code	Fill in the authentication code generated from the DeviceHub.
ID	Fill in the registered DeviceHub account (email) and password.
Password	
DeviceHub 2.0	
Server Address	IP address or domain of the DeviceHub.

Table 3-5-5-1

### **3.5.5 Events**

Event feature is capable of sending alerts by Email when certain system events occur.

### 3.5.5.1 Events

You can view alarm messages on this page.

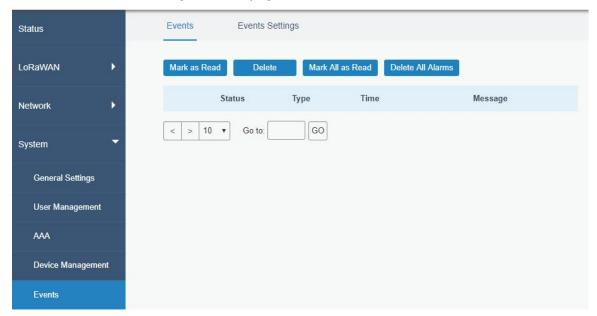


Figure 3-5-6-1

Events	
Item	Description
Mark as Read	Mark the selected event alarm as read.
Delete	Delete the selected event alarm.
Mark All as Read	Mark all event alarms as read.
Delete All Alarms	Delete all event alarms.
Status	Show the reading status of the event alarms.
Туре	Show the event type that should be alarmed.
Time	Show the alarm time.
Message	Show the alarm content.

Table 3-5-6-1 Events Parameters



# 3.5.5.2 Events Settings

In this section, you can decide what events to record and whether you want to receive email and SMS notifications when any change occurs.

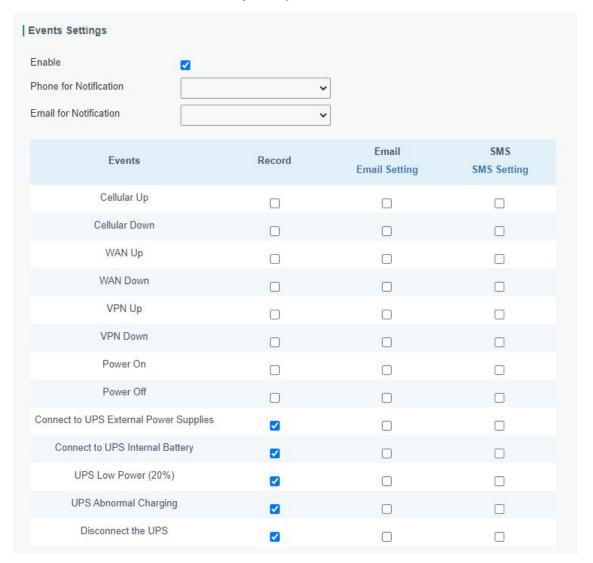


Figure 3-5-6-2

Event Settings	
Item	Description
Enable	Check to enable "Events Settings".
Phone for Notification	Select phone group to receive SMS alarm.
Email for Notification	Select Email group to receive Email alarm.
Events	Event type the gateway supports to record.
Record	The relevant content of event alarm will be recorded on "Event" page if this option is checked.
Email	The relevant content of event alarm will be sent out via email if this option is checked.



Email Setting	Click and you will be redirected to the page "Email" to configure the Email group.
SMS	The relevant content of event alarm will be sent out via SMS if this option is checked.
SMS Setting	Click and you will be redirected to the page of "Phone" to configure phone group list.

Table 3-5-6-2 Events Parameters

# **Related Topics**

**Email Setting** 

**Phone Setting** 

### 3.6 Maintenance

This section describes system maintenance tools and management.

#### 3.6.1 Tools

Troubleshooting tools includes ping and traceroute.

### 3.6.1.1 Ping

Ping tool is engineered to ping outer network.



Figure 3-6-1-1

PING	
Item	Description
Host	Ping outer network from the gateway.

Table 3-6-1-1 IP Ping Parameters

#### 3.6.1.2 Traceroute

Traceroute tool is used for troubleshooting network routing failures.



Figure 3-6-1-2

Traceroute		
Item	Description	



Host Address of the destination host to be detected.

Table 3-6-1-2 Traceroute Parameters

# 3.6.1.3 Packet Analyzer

Packet Analyzer is used for capturing the packet of different interfaces.

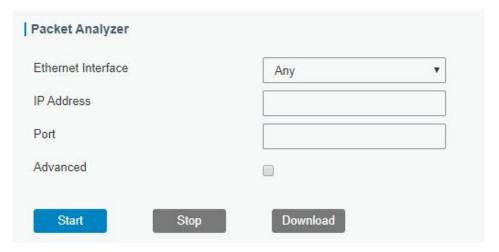


Figure 3-6-1-3

Packet Analyzer			
Item	Description		
Ethernet Interface	Select the interface to capture packages.		
IP Address	Set the IP address that the router will capture.		
Port	Set the port that the router will capture.		
Advanced	Set the rules for sniffer. The format is topdump.		

Table 3-6-1-3 Packet Analyzer Parameters

### 3.6.1.4 Qxdmlog

This section allow collecting diagnostic logs of cellular module via QXDM tool.



Figure 3-6-1-4

## 3.6.2 Schedule

This section explains how to configure scheduled reboot on the gateway.





Figure 3-6-2-1

Schedule			
Item Description			
Schedule	Select schedule event: Reboot: Reboot the gateway regularly.		
Frequency	Select the frequency to execute the schedule.		

Table 3-6-2-1 Schedule Parameters

## 3.6.3 Log

The system log contains a record of informational, error and warning events that indicates how the system processes. By reviewing the data contained in the log, an administrator or user troubleshooting the system can identify the cause of a problem or whether the system processes are loading successfully. Remote log server is feasible, and gateway will upload all system logs to remote log server such as Syslog Watcher.

## 3.6.3.1 System Log

This section describes how to download log file and view the recent log on web.

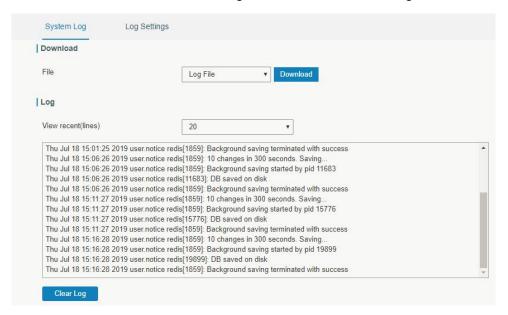


Figure 3-6-3-1

System Log			
Item Description			
Download	Download log file.		
View recent (lines)	View the specified lines of system log.		
Clear Log	Clear the current system log.		



## Table 3-6-3-1 System Log Parameters

## 3.6.3.2 Log Settings

This section explains how to enable remote log server and local log setting.

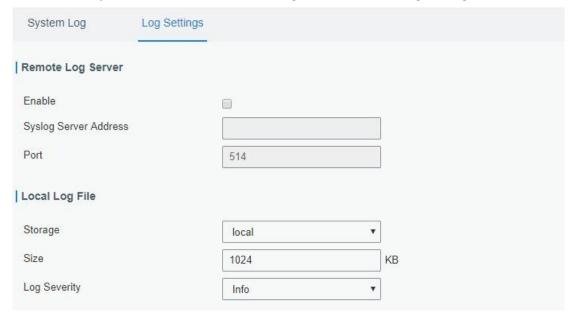


Figure 3-6-3-2

Log Settings				
Item	Description			
Remote Log Server				
Enable With "Remote Log Server" enabled, gateway will send all system logs to the remote server.				
Syslog Server Address	Fill in the remote system log server address (IP/domain name).			
Port	Fill in the remote system log server port.			
Local Log File				
Storage	User can store the log file in memory.			
Size	Set the size of the log file to be stored.			
Log Severity	The list of severities follows the syslog protocol.			

Table 3-6-3-2 System Log Parameters

## 3.6.4 Upgrade

This section describes how to upgrade the gateway firmware via web. Generally you don't need to do the firmware upgrade.

Note: any operation on web page is not allowed during firmware upgrade, otherwise the upgrade will be interrupted, or even the device will break down.



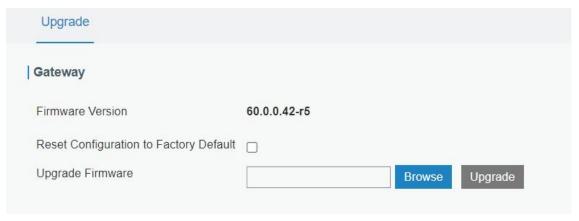


Figure 3-6-4-1

Upgrade			
Item	Description		
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version.		
Reset Configuration to When this option is checked, the gateway will be reset to			
Factory Default factory defaults after upgrade.			
Unarodo Firmworo	Click "Browse" button to select the new firmware file, and		
Upgrade Firmware	click "Upgrade" to upgrade firmware.		

Table 3-6-4-1 Upgrade Parameters

## **Related Configuration Example**

Firmware Upgrade

## 3.6.5 Backup and Restore

This section explains how to create a complete backup of the whole system configurations to a file, replicate parts of important configuration only for batch backup, restore the config file to the gateway and reset to factory defaults.

Backup and Restore			
Restore Config			
Config File		Browse	Import
Backup Running-conf	īg		
Full Backup Ba	tch Backup		
Restore Factory Defau	ults		
Reset			
Reset			



Figure 3-6-5-1

Backup and Restore			
Item	Description		
Config File	Click "Browse" button to select configuration file, and then click "Import" button to upload the configuration file to the gateway.		
Full Backup	Click "Full Backup" to export the current configuration file to the PC.		
Batch Backup	Click "Batch Backup" to export current configuration except gateway ID of packet forwarder, all embedded NS settings, static IP address of WAN, WLAN settings, user management settings, DeviceHub authentication code, all APP settings.		
Reset	Click "Reset" button to reset factory default settings. gateway will restart after reset process is done.		

Table 3-6-5-1 Backup and Restore Parameters

## **Related Configuration Example**

**Restore Factory Defaults** 

#### **3.6.6 Reboot**

On this page you can reboot the gateway and return to the login page. We strongly recommend clicking "Save" button before rebooting the gateway so as to avoid losing the new configuration.



Figure 3-6-6-1

#### **3.7 APP**

## **3.7.1 Python**

Python is an object-oriented programming language that has gained popularity because of its clear syntax and readability.

As an interpreted language, Python has a design philosophy that emphasizes code readability, notably using whitespace indentation to delimit code blocks rather than curly brackets or keywords, and a syntax that allows programmers to express concepts in fewer lines of code than it's used in other languages such as C++ or Java. The language provides constructs and intends to enable writing clear programs on both small and large scale.

Users can use Python to quickly generate the prototype of the program, which can be the final interface of the program, rewrite it with a more appropriate language, and then



encapsulate the extended class library that Python can call.

This section describes how to view the relevant running status such as App-manager, SDK version, extended storage, etc. Also you can change the App-manager configuration, and import the Python App package from here.

## 3.7.1.1 Python

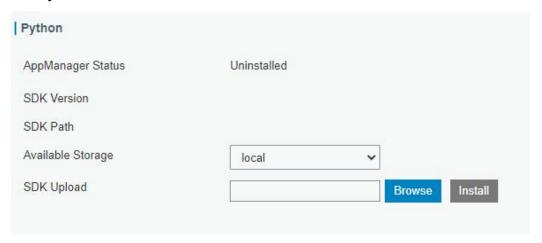


Figure 3-7-1-1

Python			
Item Description			
AnnManagar Status	Show AppManager's running status, like "Uninstalled",		
AppManager Status	"Running" or "Stopped".		
SDK Version Show the version of the installed SDK.			
SDK Path	Show the SDK installation path.		
Available Storage	Select available storage to install SDK.		
SDK Upload	Upload and install SDK for Python.		
Uninstall	Uninstall SDK.		
View	View application status managed by AppManager.		

Table 3-7-1-1 Python Parameters

## 3.7.1.2 App Manager Configuration



Figure 3-7-1-2



AppManager Configuration					
Item	Description				
Enable	After enabling Python AppManager, user can click "View" button on the "Python" webpage to view the application status managed by AppManager.				
App Management					
ID	Show the ID of the imported App.				
App Command	Show the name of the imported App.				
Logfile Size(MB)	User-defined Logfile size. Range: 1-50.				
Uninstall	Uninstall APP.				
App Status	App Status				
App Name	Show the name of the imported App.				
App Version	Show the version of the imported App.				
SDK Version	Show the SDK version which the imported App is based on.				

Table 3-7-1-2 APP Manager Parameters

## **3.7.1.3 Python App**

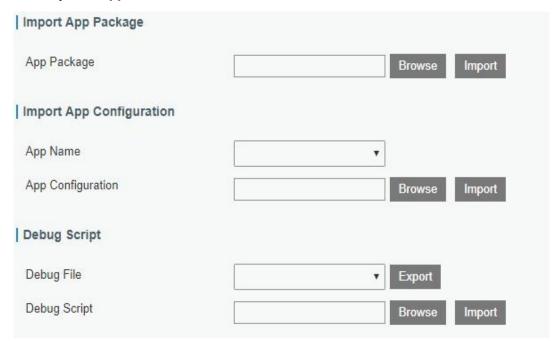


Figure 3-7-1-3

Python APP				
Item	Description			
App Package	Select App package and import.			
App Name	Select App to import configuration.			
App Configuration	Select configuration file and import.			
Debug File	Export script file.			
Debug Script	Select Python script to be debugged and import.			

Table 3-7-1-3 APP Parameters



#### 3.7.2 Node-RED

Node-RED is a flow-based development tool for visual programming and wiring together hardware devices, APIs and online services as part of the Internet of Things. Node-RED provides a web-browser-based flow editor, which can easily wire together flows using the wide range of nodes in the palette. For more guidance and documentation please refer to Node-RED official website.

#### 3.7.2.1 Node-RED

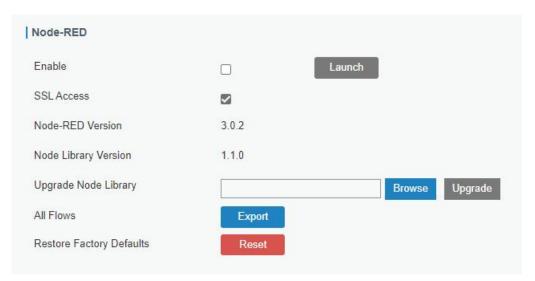


Figure 3-7-2-1

Node-RED			
Item	Description		
Enable	Enable the Node-RED.		
Launch	Click to launch the web GUI of Node-RED.		
SSL Access  Enable to access the Node-RED web GUI via HTTPS serviously.			
Node-RED Version	Show the version of the Node-RED. The Node-RED version can be upgraded only when you upgrade the gateway.		
Node Library Version	Show the version of the node library.		
Upgrade Node Library	Upgrade the node library by importing the library package.		
All Flows Export	Export all flows as a JSON format file.		
Restore Factory Default	Erase all flows data of Node-RED.		

Table 3-7-2-1 Node-RED Parameters

Milesight provides a customized node library to use the interfaces of the gateway.





Figure 3-7-2-2

Node Library				
Node	Description			
LoRa Input	Receive LoRaWAN® packets from the gateway. This only works when the network server is enabled.			
LoRa Output	Send downlink commands to LoRaWAN® nodes.			
Device Filter	Filter out the data of one or more specific LoRaWAN® nodes via device EUIs.			
GW Info	Monitor events of gateway, this needs to ensure the event detection is enabled in <b>General &gt; Events &gt; Events Settings</b> .			
Email Output	Send an Email. If you select STMP option as "Same as the gateway", it is necessary to go to <b>System &gt; General Settings &gt; SMTP</b> page to configure SMTP client settings.			
SMS Input	Receive SMS message. This only works when the cellular is connected.			
SMS Output	Send an SMS message. This only works when the cellular is connected.			

Table 3-7-2-2 Node Library Parameters

## **Related Configuration Example**

Node-RED

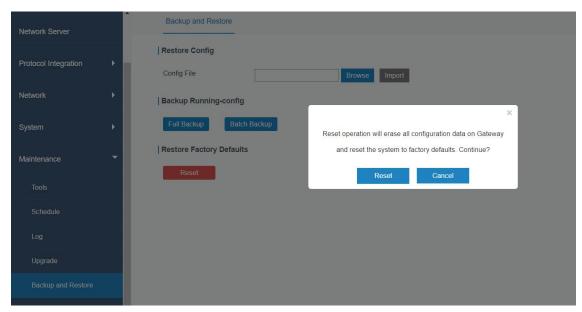


## **Chapter 4 Application Examples**

## 4.1 Restore Factory Defaults

#### Method 1:

Log in web interface, and go to **Maintenance > Backup and Restore**, click **Reset** button, you will be asked to confirm if you'd like to reset it to factory defaults. Then click **Reset** button.



Then the gateway will reboot and restore to factory settings immediately.



Please wait till SYS light statically and the login page pops up again, which means the gateway has already been reset to factory defaults successfully.

## **Related Topic**

**Restore Factory Defaults** 

## Method 2:

Locate the reset button on the gateway, press and hold the reset button for more than 5s until the SYS LED blinks.

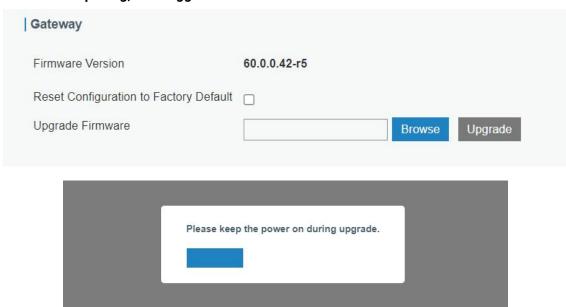


## 4.2 Firmware Upgrade

It is suggested that you contact Milesight technical support first before you upgrade gateway firmware. Gateway firmware file suffix is ".bin".

After getting firmware file please refer to the following steps to complete the upgrade.

- 1. Go to "Maintenance > Upgrade".
- 2. Click "Browse" and select the correct firmware file from the PC.
- 3. Click "Upgrade" and the gateway will check if the firmware file is correct. If it's correct, the firmware will be imported to the gateway, and then the gateway will start to upgrade.
- 4. After upgrade, open the gateway web GUI via browser to check if upgrade success. **Before opening, it is suggested to clean the caches of browser.**



## **Related Topic**

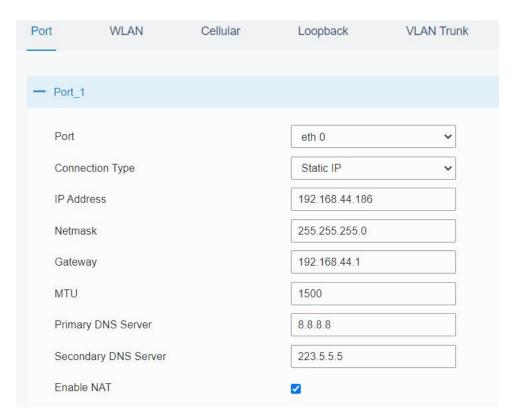
**Upgrade** 

#### 4.3 Network Connection

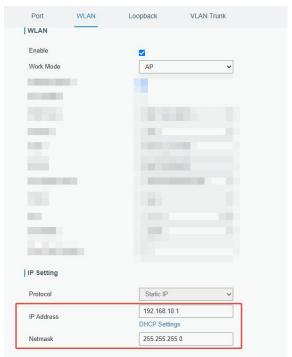
The gateway supports multiple methods to set up network connections.

#### 4.3.1 Ethernet Connection

1. Go to "Network > Interface > Port" page to select the connection type and configure Ethernet port configuration, click "Save & Apply" for configuration to take effect.



**Note:** If there is IP conflict when changing the IP address of Ethernet port, please change the subnet of WLAN first.



- 2. Connect Ethernet port of gateway to devices like router or modem.
- 3. Go to "Maintenance > Tools > Ping" to check network connectivity.



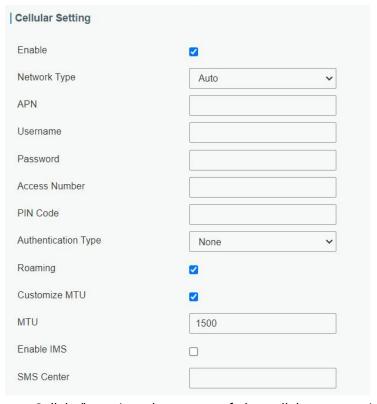


## **Related Topic**

**Port Setting** 

## 4.3.2 Cellular Connection (Cellular Version Only)

1. Go to "Network > Interface > Cellular > Cellular Setting" and configure the necessary cellular info of SIM card, click "Save" and "Apply" for configuration to take effect.



2. Go to "Status > Cellular" to view the status of the cellular connection. If it shows 'Connected', SIM has dialed up successfully.



Overview	Packet Forward	Cellular	Network	WLAN	
Modem					
Status		Ready			
Model		EC25			
Version		EC25ECGAR06A07M	1G		
Signal Level		23asu (-67dBm)			
Register Status		Registered (Home net	work)		
IMEI		860425047368939			
IMSI	460019425301842				
ICCID		898601178380099341	20		
ISP		CHN-UNICOM			
Network Type		LTE			
PLMN ID					
LAC		5922			
Cell ID		340db83			
Network					
Status		Connected			
IP Address		10.132.132.59			
Netmask		255.255.255.240			
Gateway		10.132.132.60			

## **Related Topic**

**Cellular Setting** 

Cellular Status

## 4.4 Wi-Fi Application Example

## 4.4.1 AP Mode

## **Application Example**

Configure UG67 as AP to allow connection from users or devices.

## **Configuration Steps**

1. Go to "Network > Interface > WLAN" to configure wireless parameters as below.



Click "Save" and "Apply" buttons after all configurations are done.

2. Use a smart phone to connect the access point of gateway. Go to "Status > WLAN", and you can check the AP settings and information of the connected client/user.

WLAN Status	
Wireless Status	Enabled
MAC Address	24:e1:24:f1:20:0f
Interface Type	AP
SSID	Gateway_F1200F
Channel	Auto
Encryption Type	No Encryption
Status	Up
IP Address	192.168.1.1
Netmask	255.255.255.0
Connection Duration	0 days, 02:40:52

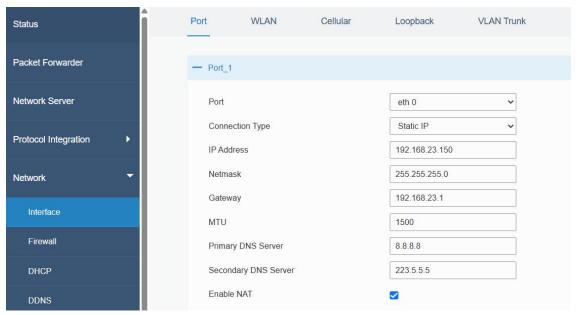
# 4.4.2 Client Mode Application Example



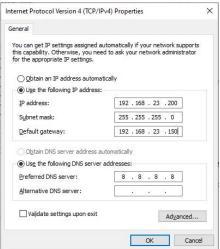
Configure UG67 as Wi-Fi client to connect to an access point to have Internet access.

## **Configuration Steps**

1. Go to **Network > Interface > Port** page to select connection type as **Static IP** and configure an IP address for the Ethernet WAN port.

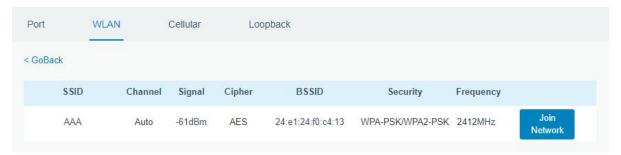


- 2. Connect PC to UG67 ETH port directly or through PoE injector.
- 3. Assign the IP address to computer manually. Take Windows 10 system as an example:

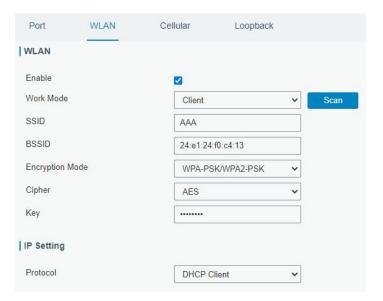


- 4. Open a Web browser and type in the IP address of the Ethernet port to access the web GUI.
- 5. Go to Network > Interface > WLAN and click Scan to search for WiFi access point.





6. Select one access point and click **Join Network**, then type the password of the access point.



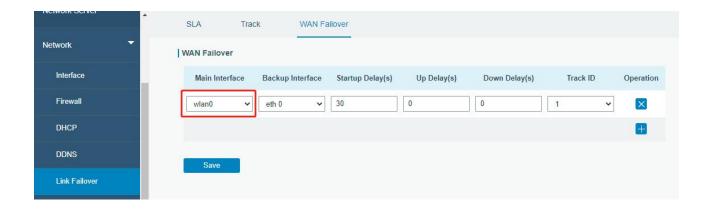
Click Save and Apply buttons after all configurations are done.

7. Go to Status > WLAN to check the connection status of the client.



8. Go to **Network > Failover > WAN Failover** to switch the wlan0 as main interface, then gateway can use the Wi-Fi to access the network.





## **Related Topic**

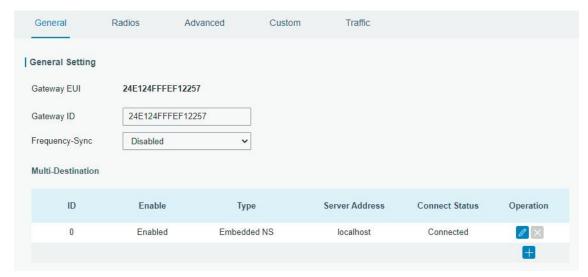
**WLAN Setting** 

**WLAN Status** 

## 4.5 Packet Forwarder Configuration

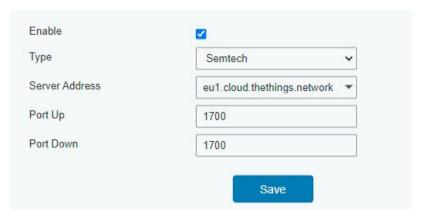
UG67 gateway has installed multiple packet forwarders including Semtech, Basic station, Chirpstack, etc. Before connecting make sure the gateway has connected to network.

1. Go to Packet Forwarder > General.

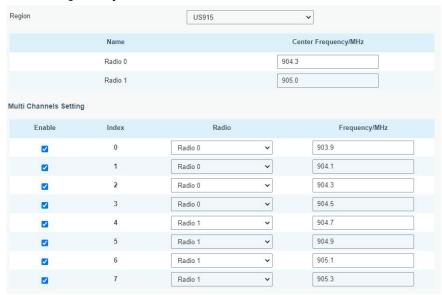


2. Click to add a new network server. Fill in the network server information and enable this server.





3. Go to **Packet Forwarder > Radio** page to configure the center frequency and channels. The channels of the gateway and network server need to be the same.



4. Add the gateway on network server page. For more details about the network server connection please refer to <u>Milesight IoT Support portal</u>.

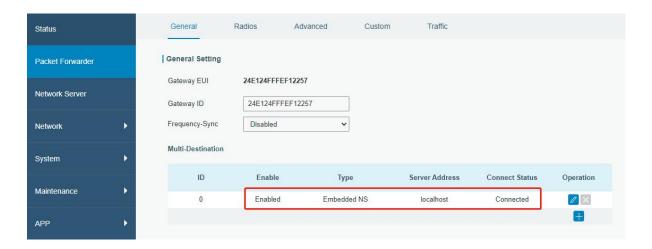
## 4.6 Network Server Configuration

The gateway can work as a LoRaWAN® network server to receive and analyze the data of LoRaWAN® end devices, and then achieve the flexible integration with different systems.

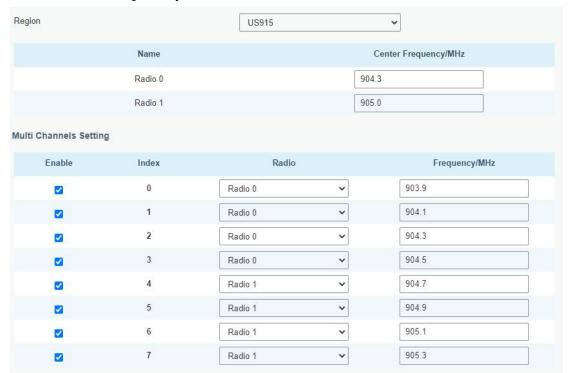
## 4.6.1 Connect to Milesight IoT Cloud

1. Go to **Packet Forwarder > General** page to enable the embedded network server.



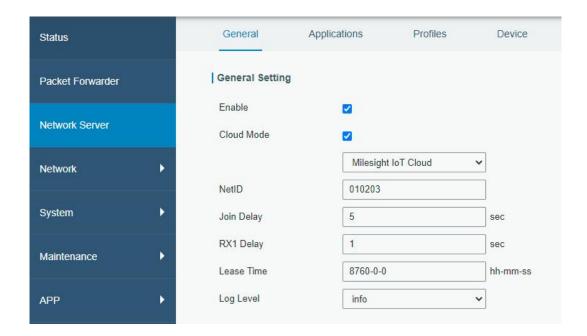


2. Go to **Packet Forwarder > Radio** page to configure the center frequency and channels. The channels of the gateway and end devices need to be the same.

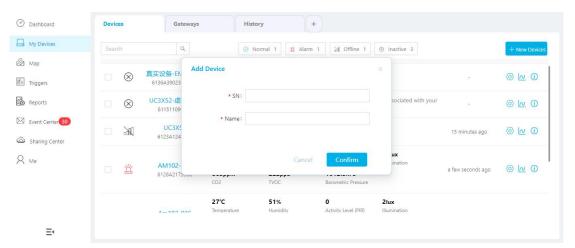


3. Go to **Network Server > General** page to enable the network server and "Cloud mode", then select "Milesight IoT Cloud" mode.





4. Log in the Milesight IoT Cloud. Then go to **My Devices** page and click "+New Devices" to add gateway to Milesight IoT Cloud via SN. Gateway will be added under "Gateways" menu.



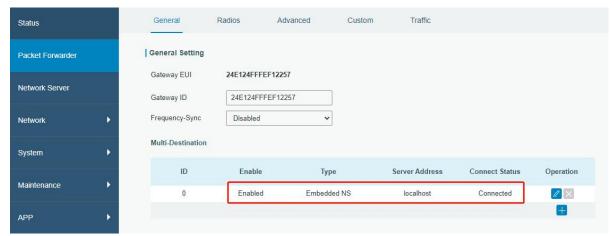
5. The gateway is online on Milesight IoT Cloud.



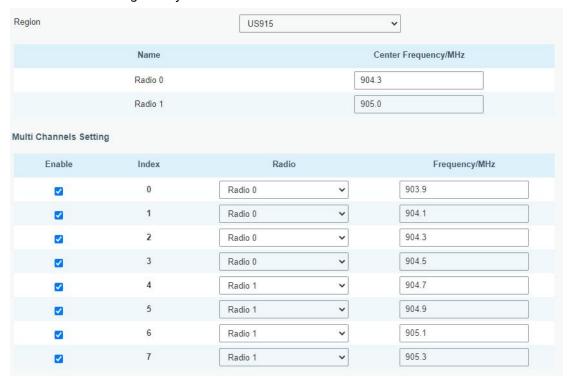
## 4.6.2 Add End Devices

1. Go to **Packet Forwarder > General** page to enable the embedded NS.

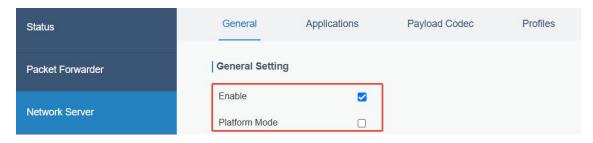




2. Go to **Packet Forwarder > Radio** page to configure the center frequency and channels. The channels of the gateway and end devices need to be the same.

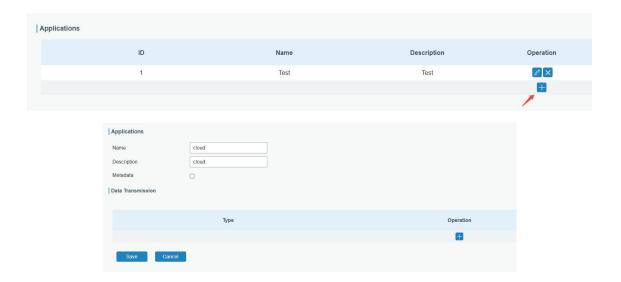


3. Go to **Network Server > General** page to enable the network server.



4. Go to **Network Server > Applications** page to add an application.



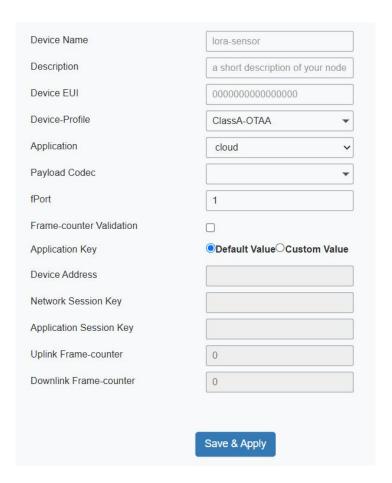


5. Go to **Network Server > Device** page and click **Add** to add a LoRaWAN® node device. You can also click **Bulk Import** to use template to add bulk devices at once.



- 6. Fill in the information of the end device and click **Save&Apply**. The information can be found on the end device's configuration page or from manufacturer's manuals. Here are the default settings of Milesight end devices:
- Device EUI: this can be found on the device.
- Device-Profile: OTAA type files
- Payload Codec: select the model
- fPort: 85
- Application Key: select Default Value. If you use random keys, please select Custom Value.



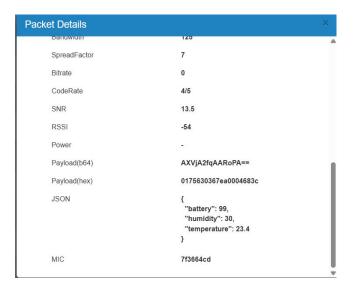


7. Go to **Network Server > Packets** page to check if any uplinks from this device.



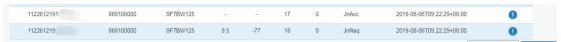
Click **Details** to check packet details and decoded results.



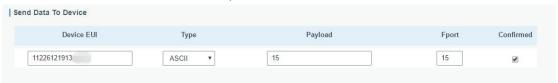


## 4.6.3 Send Data to Device

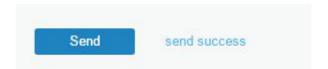
1. Go to **Network Server > Packets**, check the packet in the network server list to make sure that the device has joined the network successfully.



2. Fill in the device EUI or select the multicast group which you need to send downlinks. Then fill in the downlink commands, ports.



3. Click "Send".



4. Check the packet in the network server list to make sure that the device has received this message successful. It's suggested to enable "Confirmed". Multicast feature does not support confirmed downlinks.



You can click "Refresh" to refresh the list or set automatic refreshing frequency for the list. If the device's class type is Class C, then the device will constantly receive packets.

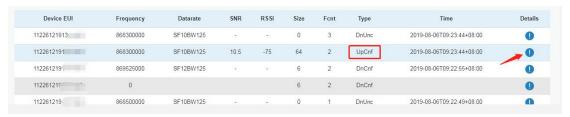
This packet's type is DnCnf (Downlink Confirmed Packet) and if the packet's color is gray, then it means the packet cannot be transmitted now because at least one message has

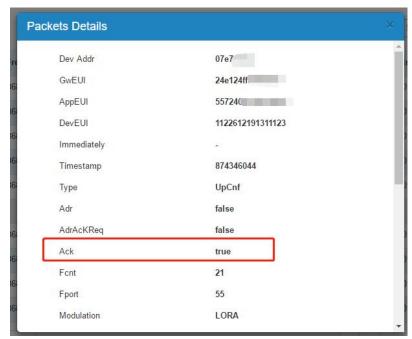


been in the queue. If the packet record is white, it means the packet has been delivered successfully.



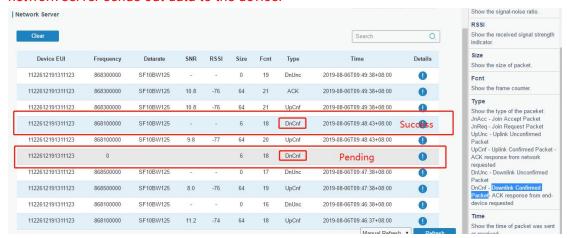
If the device receives this downlink confirmed packet, then the device will reply "ACK" when delivering next.



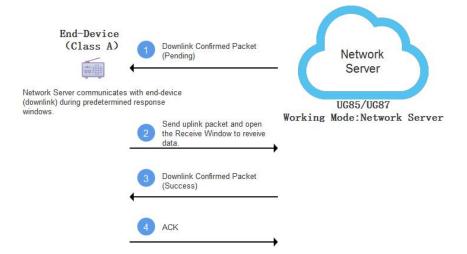


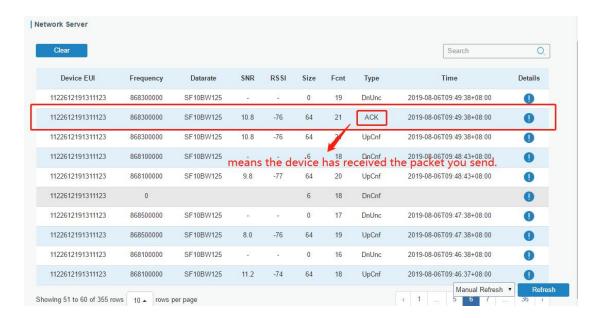
Ack is "true" means that the device has received this packet.

If the device's class type is Class A, only after the device sends out an uplink packet will the network server sends out data to the device.









## **Related Topic**

#### **Packets**

## 4.6.4 Connect to HTTP/MQTT Server

The gateway supports choosing the data transport protocol to send data to another server address using MQTT, HTTP or HTTPS protocol.

- 1. Go to **Network Server > Application** to select the application to edit.
- 2. Click to add a data transmission type.

## **HTTP or HTTPS:**

Step 1: select HTTP or HTTPS as transmission protocol.





Step 2: Enter the destination URL. Different types of data can be sent to different URLs.

URL		
	Data Type	URL
	Uplink data	
	Join notification	
	ACK notification	
	Error notification	

Enter the header name and header value if there is user credentials when accessing the HTTP(s) server.

HTTP Header				
	Header Name	Header Value	Operation	
ĺ			×	
			<b>•</b>	

## MQTT:

Step 1: select the transmission protocol as MQTT.

Step 2: Fill in MQTT broker general settings.

Туре	MQTT	~
Status		
General		
Broker Address		
Broker Port		
Client ID		
Connection Timeout/s	30	
Keep Alive Interval/s	60	
Data Retransmission		

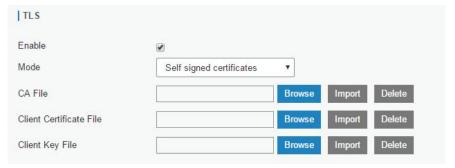
Step 3: Select the authentication method required by the server.

If you select user credentials for authentication, you need to enter the username and password for authentication.

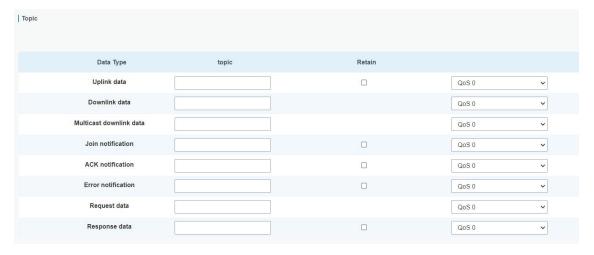




If certificate is necessary for verification, please select mode and import CA certificate, client certificate and client key file for authentication.



Step 4: Enter the topic to receive data or send downlinks, and choose the QoS.

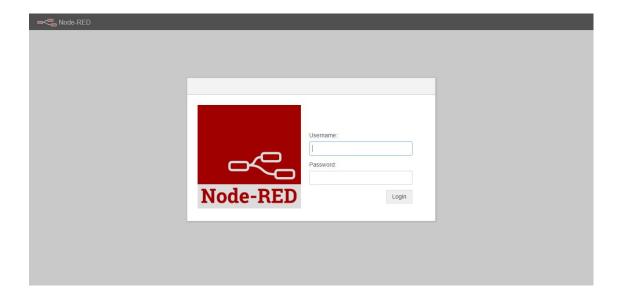


## 4.7 Node-RED

## 4.7.1 Start the Node-RED

- 1. Go to "App > Node-RED" to enable the Node-RED feature.
- 2. After enabled, click "Launch" to go to the Node-RED web GUI and to log in with the same username and password as gateway.

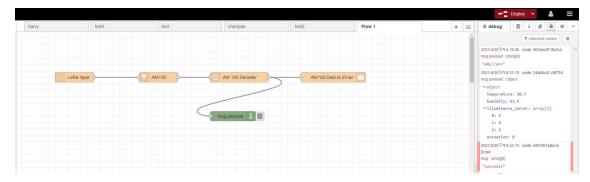




## 4.7.2 Send Data by Email

## **Application Example**

Send AM102 device data by Email.



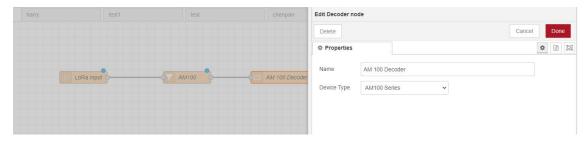
## **Configuration Steps**

- 1. Add a "LoRa Input" node. Before adding please ensure network server mode is enabled and LoRaWAN devices have joined the network.
- 2. If you add many devices and only need one device data, add "Device Filter" node behind the "LoRa Input" and type the device EUI.



3. Add a "Decoder" node to decode the Milesight sensor data.



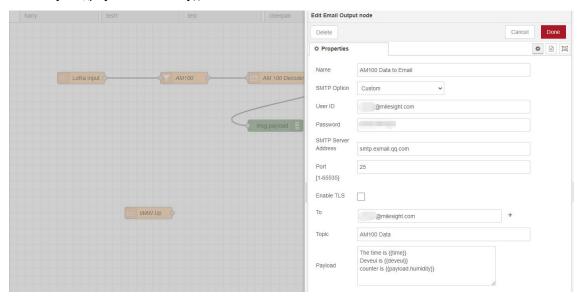


4. Add an "Email Output" and type the SMTP client settings, destination email address and contents. Example content:

The time is {{time}}

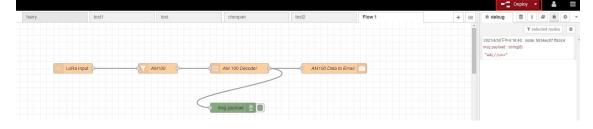
Deveui is {{deveui}}

Humidity is {{payload.humidity}}



### Note:

- 1) When you select SMTP Option as "Same as Gateway", go to "System -> General Settings -> SMTP" to configure the SMTP clients.
- 2) Basic format to call LoRaWAN node data is {{property name}}, you can click "Help" page for more info about the Email or SMS payload format.
- 3) If you need to check the output content in every node, please add debug node.
- 5. After completing the configuration, click "Deploy" to save all your configuration.



6. When AM102 sends data to gateway, gateway will transfer the data to email.



## 

## **Related Topic**

Node-RED

[END]